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Children's Corner.

LITTLE BENNY AND SANTA CLAUS.

I had told him, Christmas morning,
As he sat upon my knee,
Holding fast his little stocking
Stuffed as full as full could be.
And attentive listening to me,
With a face demure and mild,
That old Santa Claus, who filled them,
Did not love a naughty child.

"But we'll be good, won't we, moder?"
And from my lap he slid,
Digging deep among the goodies
In his crimson stocking hid;
While I turned me to the table,
Where a tempting goblet stood;
Brimming high with dainty egg-nogg,
Sent me by a neight or good.
But the kitten there before me,
With his white paw nothing loth,
Sat, by way of entertainment,
Slapping off the shining froth;
And in not the gentlest humor
At the loss of such a treat,
I confess, I rather rudely
Thrust him out into the street.

Then how Benny's blue eye kindled!
Gathering up the precious store
He had busily been pouring
In his tiny pinafore;
With a generous look that shamed me,
Sprang he from the carpet bright,
Showing by his mien indignant,
All a baby's sense of right.

"Come back, Harney!" called he loudly,
As he held his apron white—
"You shall have my candy wabbit!"
But the door was fastened tight!
So he stood abashed and silent,
In the centre of the floor,
With defeated looks alternate
Bent on me and on the door.

Then, as by some sudden impulse,
Quickly ran he to the fire,
And while eagerly his bright eyes
Watched the flames go higher,
In a brave, clear key he shouted,
Like some lordly little elf,
"Santa Caus, come down the chimney,
Make my moder 'have herself!"

"I will be a good girl, Benny,"
Said I, feeling the reproof;
And I straight recalled poor Harney,
Mewing on the galley roof.
Soon the anger was forgotten,
Laughter chased away the frown,
And they gambolled 'neath the live oaks,
Till the dusty night came down.

In my dim fire-lighted chamber,
Harney purred beneath my chair,
And my play-worn boy beside me
Knelt to say his evening prayer;
"God bless fader, God bless moder,
God bless sister"—then a pause:
And the sweet young lips devoutly
Murmured, "God bless Santa Caus."

He is sleeping; brown and silken
Lie the lashes, long and meek,
Like caressing, clinging shadows
On his plump and peachy cheek;
And I bend above him weeping
Thankful tears,—Oh, undefiled!
For a woman's crown of glory,
For the blessing of a child.

An old schoolmaster said to a clergyman who came to examine his school, "I believe the children know the catechism word for word."

"But do they understand it? That is the question," said the clergyman.

The schoolmaster only bowed respectfully and the examination began. A little boy had repeated the fifth commandment, "Honor thy father and thy mother," and he was desired to explain it. Instead of trying to do so, the little boy, with his face covered with blushes, said almost in a whisper, "Yesterday I showed some strange gentlemen over the mountain. The sharp stones cut my feet, and the gentlemen saw they were bleeding, and they gave me some money to buy me shoes. I gave it to my mother, for she had no shoes either, and I thought I could go barefoot better than she could."

For the Child's Corner.

KITTY SAYING PLEASE.

Little Kitty had got a bad tone to her voice,
It was very unpleasant indeed;
Do this, Bridget! quick! or do that, she would scream,
For each little thing she had need.

It grieved her kind mother, whenever she heard
Such language as this from her child;
I surely must punish you, Kitty, she said,
To make you more gentle and mild.

Her shoe slipping off one day from her foot,
As she stood in the nursery playing,
The dinner bell rung and Kitty screamed out,
Bridget! come. Don't you hear what I'm saying.

Why don't you come quickly and put on my shoe?
Papa will be waiting I know—
Kitty saw that the nurse was so busy just then,
She could not immediately go.

Mamma saw it all—she was in the next room—
And knew what the noise was about,
She heard the loud tones, and noticed, beside,
That Miss was beginning to pout.

So turning to Bridget she said, "do not stir.
Nor offer to put on that shoe,
Till Miss Katie can rise and say Bridget, please,
And speak like a lady to you.

Kitty sat on the floor and tugged at the shoe.
It would not go on for her trying;
And then she grew angry and threw the shoe down,
And ran to the dressing-room crying.

Oh what wicked passion displeasing to God,
In Katie's young bosom was swelling—
Ill-temper and anger is filling that heart,
Where kindness and love should be dwelling.

Shut the door, little girl, our Father is nigh,
Each child who in secret is praying,
He'll give you the victory—ask Him, dear child,
He knows every word you are saying,

By-and-by papa's footsteps were heard on the stairs,
Enquiring for dear little Kitty,
We've no little girl at our table to-day,
For she cannot say please. What a pity.

Oh yes, dear papa, just try me, she said,
Now Bridget please put on my shoe,
This foot is a naughty girl's foot, Biddy dear,
I've been very naughty to you.

'Tis out, dear mamma, it is out of my throat,
It did almost choke me, 'tis true—
Please seemed a big word, but it came out at last,
And Bridget has put on my shoe.

The child is forgiven and happy once more,
To receive a fond kiss from mamma:
Her father in Heaven had heard Kitty's prayer,
God helped me, she whispered papa. L. L.

LITTLE EFFORTS.

A little child I am, indeed,
And little do I know;
Much help and care I yet shall need,
That I may wiser grow,
If I would ever hope to do
Things great and good, and useful too.

But even now I ought to try
To do what good I may:
God never meant that such as I
Should only live to play,
And talk and laugh, and eat and drink,
And sleep and wake and never think.

One gentle word that I may speak,
Or one kind, loving deed,
May, though a trifle poor and weak,
Prove like a tiny seed;
And who can tell what good may spring
From such a very little thing?

Then let me try each day and hour,
To act upon this plan:
What little good is in my power,
So do it while I can.
If to be useful thus I try,
I may do better by-and-by.

Pleasant words are as honey-comb, sweet to the soul, and health to the bones.

Poetry.

For the Mercury.

PETER TREBY, DRUMMER.

With a marshal air and a measured tread,
To the tunes our grandsires used to know,
The veteran Peter beat at the head
Of the troops of a hundred years ago.

At the early dawn his rolling drum
Sounded the notes of its rallying call;
And a band of sturdy men would come,
Men of vigor, lusty and tall;

Men of the hardy days of yore,
Peter has led through the crowded street;
And their glistening arms they proudly bore,
As they stepped to the music that drummer beat.

But his step waxed slow, and his cheek grew wan,
And his feeble hands relaxed their hold,
No longer he stalked on the platoon's van,
No more the notes from his drum-head rolled.

He slept in the grave, and one by one,
Death gathered his comrade soldiers round;
For their sentinel duty on earth was done,
And they went to their camp in the churchyard ground.

The mounds above them have sunk away,
And the stones that guarded their rest are gone,
Yet they slumber on in their barracks of clay,
Nor heed the coming of eve or morn;

Save when in the watches of silent night,
By the ghostly light of the pallid moon,
Old Peter comes in array of white,
And beats his drum to an old time tune.

They hear the call and hasten away,
And forming themselves in spectral lines,
They file, and wheel, and the drummer doth play,
Till over the hills the morning shines.

Once more, as he stood on earth—once more
Shall stand with his drum in hand,
In the form that he in his earth-life wore;
And the captain above shall give command;

And the reveille note shall roll and roll,
Till its summons gather the soldier band;
And they answer their names on heaven's scroll,
And pitch their camp in the angel land.

* Elected drummer of the Newport Artillery for thirteen successive years, from 1748 to 1788. S. A. W.

CHRISTMAS EVE.

Full many a hearth is decked to-night
To hail the blessed morn,
On which, in ages long ago,
The Savior-child was born—
The churches all are wreathed with green,
The altars set with flowers,
And happy, lowly hearts wait on
And count the passing hours;
Until the midnight chimes proclaim
The hallowed season come,
When Heaven's broad gates are opened wide,
And hell's loud roar is dumb.
Then myriad voices in acclaim
The song of homage yield,
That once from angels' lips was heard
By shepherd in the field.
Stilled for a time are angry thoughts,
The hearts of men are mild;
The father with a holier thrill
Bends o'er his slumbering child;
Now is the kiss the husband gives
Unto his wedded wife,
For earthly love when blest by Heaven,
Ends not with earthly life;
And, fountain-like, all o'er the world,
Where Christ's dear name is known,
Leap up the sounds of prayer and praise
Toward the eternal throne,

Useful Hints.

Rats are not the only species of tenants that outwit their landlords; they will sometimes shun all baits and traps. As many modes of getting rid of them cause them to die on the premises, and taint the atmosphere, or are dangerous to human life, it may be well to remember that if the centre of a cage is sprinkled with a few drops of the oil of rhodium, (a species of *convolvulus* from the Canary Isles, fifty pounds of the root of which yield one pound of the essential oil, according to Lindley,) multitudes are irresistibly attracted to the spot, to be disposed of at will.

Domestic Yeast.—Ladies who are in the habit—and a most laudable and comfortable habit it is—of making domestic bread, cake, &c., are informed that they can easily manufacture their own yeast by attending to the following directions: Boil one pound of good flour, a quarter of a pound of brown sugar, and a little salt, in two gallons of water, for one hour.—When milk-warm, bottle it, and cork it close, it will be fit for use in twenty-four hours.—One pint of this yeast will make eighteen lbs. of bread.

To Destroy Bugs.—Take two ounces of quicksilver, and the whites of two eggs, and so on in this ratio for a larger or smaller quantity. Beat the quicksilver and the whites together until they unite, and become a froth. With a feather then apply the compound thus formed to the crevices and holes in your bedsteads.—This done once or twice in a year will prove effectual.

Cure for Catarrh in the Head.—Take ten grains of muriate of ammonia, and burn on a piece of tin. While burning, inhale the fumes through the nostrils. At the same time, take one teaspoonful of the compound syrup of stillingia every night. Repeat this four or five times a day. This treatment has been known to cure catarrh in the head of *long* standing.

To cure chilblains, simply bathe the parts affected in the liquor in which potatoes have been boiled, at as high a temperature as can be borne. On the first appearance of ailment, indicated by inflammation and irritation, this bath affords almost immediate relief. In the more advanced stages, repetition prevents breaking out.

Pook shingles are not worth taking as a gift. Carpenters cannot lay half as many in a day.—They never turn water well—and they soon rot. Some men are pleased with sawed shingles, because they lie so close to the boarding. But this is the cause of their rotting sooner than the poorest kind of shaved shingles. There is a nap on them that causes them to retain any wet that happens to come between them.

Selected Tale.

THE BACHELOR RECLAIMED.

A SKETCH FROM REAL LIFE.

BY H. T. TUCKERMAN.

'You are determined not to marry?'

'Absolutely.'

'And why?'

'In the first place, I never expect to be able to support a wife according to my ideas of comfort. In the second place, I have no hope of meeting a woman who will sympathize sufficiently with my feelings and views, to be a congenial companion. Thirdly, I cannot bear the idea of adopting as constant associates the relations of her I may love, and fourthly, I consider housekeeping, and all the details of domestic arrangements, the greatest bore in existence.'

This colloquy took place between two young men, in the garden of one of the fashionable hotels at Saratoga. It was a sultry afternoon, and they had retired under the shade of a tree, to digest their dinner, which process they were facilitating by occasionally puffing some very mild, light brown Havana cigars. The last remarks were uttered in a very calm and positive tone, by McNiel, a philosophical and quiet gentleman, who had a most sensible theory for every thing in life.—Among other things, he took great pleasure in the conviction that he thoroughly understood himself. The first time his interest was truly excited by a member of the gentler sex, he had acted in the most extravagant manner, and barely escaped with honor from forming a most injudicious connection. To guard against similar mishaps, he had adopted a very ingenious plan. Being uncommonly susceptible to female attractions, he made it a rule when charmed by a sweet face, or thrilled by a winning voice, to seek for some personal defect or weakness of character, in the fair creature, and obstinately dwell upon these defects, until they cast a shade over the redeeming traits, and dissolved the spell he feared. When this course failed, he had but one resource. With Falstaff, he thought discretion the better part of valor, and deliberately fled from the allurements that threatened his peace. Thus he managed not to allow love to take permanent possession, and, after various false alarms and exciting vigils, came to the conclusion that no long siege or sudden attack would ever subdue the citadel of his affections.

But McNiel had so braced himself in a spirit of resistance, that he had made no provision against the unconscious lures of beauty. He could chat for hours with a celebrated *belle*, and leave her without a sigh; he could smile at the captivating manners which overcame his fellows. Regarding society as a battle field, he went thither, armed at all points, resolved to maintain his self-possessions, and be on the watch against the wiles of woman. He had seen lovely girls in the drawing room, followed their graceful movements in the dance, heard them breathe songs of sentiment at the piano, and walked beside them on the promenade. On these occasions, he coolly formed an estimate of their several graces, perfectly appreciated every finely chiselled nose and tempting lip, noted with care the hue and expression of the eye, but walked proudly away at parting, murmuring to himself, 'all this I see, yet am not in love.'

But who can anticipate the weapon that shall lay him low, or make adequate provision against the inexhaustible resources of love? McNiel had sat for a week at table opposite an invalid widow and her daughter. He had passed them potatoes not less than a dozen times, and helped the young lady twice to cherry pie. The only impression he had derived from their demeanor and appearance was, that they were very genteel and quiet. On the morning after his conversation in the garden, he awaked just before sunrise, and found himself lying with his face to the wall, in one of the diminutive chambers in which visitors at the Springs are so unceremoniously packed. His eyes opened within six inches of the plaster; and he amused himself some time conjuring the cracks and veins it displayed, into imaginary forms of warriors and animals. At length his mind reverted to himself and his present quarters. 'Well, I've been here just a fortnight,' thus he mused, 'and a pretty dull time I've had of it. Day after day, the same stupid routine. In the morning I swallow six glasses of Congress water at the spring, with the hollow eyes of that sick minister from Connecticut glaring on me like a serpent, and the die-away tones of that nervous lady from Philadelphia, sounding like a knell in my ears. I cannot drink in peace for those everlasting Misses Hill, who all three chatter at once, and expect me to be entertaining and talkative so early in the morning, with my stomach full of cold liquid and a long, dull day in perspective! Then comes breakfast. The clatter of plates, the murmur of voices, the rushing of the black waiters, and the variety of steams make me glad to retreat. I find a still corner of the piazza and begin to read, but the eddies, a draught of air or the intrusive gabble of my acquaintances, utterly prevent me from becoming absorbed in a book. It has now grown too warm to walk, and I look in vain for Dr. Clayton, who is the only man here whose conversation interests me. I avoid the billiard room, because I know who I shall meet there. The swing is occupied. The thrumming on the piano of that old maid from Providence makes the saloon uninhabitable. They are talking politics in the bar room. The very sight of a newspaper gives me a qualm. I involuntarily begin to doze, when that infernal gong sounds the hour to dress. No matter; anything for a relief. Dinner is insufferable; more show and noise than relish and comfort. How gladly I escape to the garden and smoke. That reminds me of what I told Jones yesterday, about matrimony. He laughed at me. Catch me to give up my freedom and provide for a family—be pestered with a whole string of new connections, when I can't bear those I have now—never have a moment to myself—be obliged to get up in the night for a doctor—have to pay for a boy's schooling, and be plagued to death by him for my pains—be bothered constantly with bad servants—see my wife lose her beauty, in a twelvemonth, from care—my goddess become a mere household drudge—give up cigars—keep precise hours—take care of sick children—go to market—never, never, NEVER.'

As his revery thus emphatically terminated, McNeil slowly raised himself to a sitting posture, in order to ascertain the state of the weather, when a sight presented itself which at once put his philosophy to flight and startled him from his composure. He did not cry out, but hushed his very breath. Beside him lay a female form in profound slumber. Her hair had escaped from its confinement and lay in the richest profusion around her face. There was a delicate glow upon the cheeks. The lips were scarcely parted. One arm was thrust under her head, the other lay stretched upon the coverlid. It was one of those accidental attitudes which sculptors love to embody. The bosom heaved regularly. One felt that it was the slumber of an innocent creature and that beneath that calm breast beat a kindly and pure heart. McNeil bent over this vision, for so at first it seemed to him, as did Narcissus over the crystal water.

The peaceful beauty on that face entered his very soul. He trembled at the still regularity of the long, dark eye lashes, as if it were death personified. Recovering himself, all at once something familiar struck him in the countenance. He thought awhile, and the whole mystery was solved. They occupied the adjoining chamber; she had gone down stairs in the night to procure something for the invalid, and on returning, entered in the darkness the wrong room, and fancying her mother asleep, had very quietly taken her place beside her, and was soon lost in slumber.

No sooner did this idea take possession of McNeil, than with the utmost caution and a noiseless, movement, he stole away and removed every vestige of his presence into a vacant apartment opposite, leaving the fair intruder to suppose she alone had occupied the room. At breakfast, he observed the mother and daughter whisper and smile together, and soon ascertained that they had no suspicion of the actual state of the case. With that delicacy that belonged to his character, McNeil inwardly vowed to keep the secret for ever in his own breast. Meantime, with much apparent hilarity, he prepared to accompany Jones to Lake George. His companion marvelled to perceive this unwonted gaiety wear off as they proceeded in their ride.—McNeil became silent and pensive. The evening was fine, and they went upon the lake to enjoy the moonlight. Jones sung his best songs and woke the echoes with his bugle. His friend remained silent, wrapt in his cloak, at the boat's stern.—At last he very abruptly sprung up, and ordered the rowers to land him. 'Where are you going?' inquired Jones. 'To Saratoga,' was the reply. 'Not to-night, surely.' 'Yes, now this instant.' Entertaining some fears for his friend's safety, Jones reluctantly devoted that lovely night to a hard ride over a sandy road, instead of lingering away its delightful hours on the sweet bosom of the lake.

Six months after, McNeil married the widow's daughter, and the ensuing summer, when I met him at Saratoga Springs, he assured me he found it a delightful residence.

Our Best Parlors.—Don't keep a solemn parlor, into which you go but once a month, with the parson or sewing society. Hang around walls pictures which shall tell stories of mercy, hope, courage, faith and charity. Make your living-room the largest and most cheerful in the house. Let the place be such that when your boy has gone to distant lands, or even when perhaps, he clings to a single plank in the lonely waters of the wide ocean, the thought of the still homestead shall come across the desolation, bringing always light, hope and love. Have no dungeon about your house—no room you never open—no blinds that are always shut.—*Ike Marvel.*

Rev. Mr. Haughwout of Fall River.—A correspondent of the Providence Press says of Mr. Haughwout's discourse before the Young men's Missionary Society of Newport:—

The speaker alluded to the execution of young Rogers in New York city, and the power that was brought to bear upon the Governor of the State to effect his pardon, or a commutation of the punishment, without avail. "This," said the reverend gentleman, "exhibits a terribly depraved state of morals in that city, when the death of so young a man under such circumstances is necessary to check others in their courses of crime." This depravity of public morals, was shown from other authenticated incidents.

In the second place, society was responsible for such immorality—in fact, was a great cause. Society built penitentiaries, jails and scaffolds, and paved a road to them by locating on the corners of our streets, rum shops, and by the enticements of gilded saloons, and every art which science and ingenuity could devise to make the paths of vice alluring. He quoted the speech of a convict on the gallows: "You at your family dinners, taught me to drink, in your social circles you taught me to gamble, and by sneering at my threadbare coat, you forced me into extravagance." The church worked only from the nature of its organization, within a very small circle. There were more persons in the city of Brooklyn, destitute of gospel privileges than had been converted in all Asia, through the instrumentality of Foreign Missions. Hence the necessity of means, outside of the church organization; or, in other words, of Home Missions. Then followed an earnest appeal in favor of the Society.

The speaker exhibited great power and originality of thought, suggesting more than was said.

The singing was fine, and the organ playing, by William D. Lake, Esq., Sheriff of "our county" was excellent.

How a Toad pulls off his Pants.—A writer in the North Carolina Farmer tells the following: 'About the middle of July I found a toad on a hill of melons and not wanting him to leave, hoed around him.—He appeared sluggish and not inclined to move. Presently I observed him pressing his elbows against his sides, rubbing downward. He appeared so singular, that I watched to see what he was up to. After a few smart rubs, his skin began to burst open along his back. Now, said I, old fellow you have done it; but he appeared to be unconcerned, and kept on rubbing until he had worked down all his skin into folds on his sides and hips; then grasping one hind leg with his hands, he hauled off one leg of his pants the same as any one would, then stripped the other leg in the same manner. He then took his cast off cuticle forward, between his forelegs into his mouth, and swallowed it; then by raising and lowering his head, swallowing as his head came down, he stripped off the skin underneath until it came to his forelegs, and then grasping one of these with the opposite hand, by considerable pulling stripped off the skin; changing hands, he stripped the other, and by a slight motion of the head, he drew it from the throat and swallowed the whole. The operation seemed to be an agreeable one, and occupied but a short time.'

Colds.—If a man begins to cough, as the result of a common cold, it is the result of nature herself attempting the cure, and she will effect it in her own time, and more effectually than any man can. So, if she is only let alone, and her instincts cherished. What are those instincts? She abhors food, and craves warmth. Hence the moment a man is satisfied that he has taken a cold, let him do three things:—First, eat not an atom; second, go to bed and cover up warm in a warm room; third, drink as much cold water as he wants, or as much hot herb tea as he can, and in three cases out of four, he will be almost entirely well within thirty-six hours.

If he does nothing for his cold for forty-eight hours after the cough commences, there is nothing that he can swallow that will do him any good, for the cold, with such a start, will run its course of about a fortnight, in spite of all that can be done, and what is swallowed in the meantime, in the way of physic, is a hindrance and not a good.—*Dr. Hall.*

Cure for fits.—For a fit of passion—Walk out into the open air; you may speak your mind to the winds without hurting any one, or proclaiming yourself a simpleton.

For a fit of idleness—Count the ticking of a clock; do this for an hour and you will be glad to pull off your coat the next and work like a negro.

For a fit of extravagance and folly—Go to the workhouse, or speak with the inmates of a jail, and you will be convinced

Who makes his bed of briar and thorn,
Must be content to lie forlorn.

At a christening, while the minister was giving the certificate, he happened to say, 'Let me see, this is the thirteenth.'

'Thirteenth,' exclaimed the indignant mother; indeed it is only the eleventh.'

Sabbath Reading.

Homeward, is everywhere the cry to-night. The scattered members of the family are reunited again, joy and gladness resound in the old homestead—thanksgiving and the voice of melody. Christmas gifts make the children radient, and the church bell rings out its merriest peal.—The fires burn brighter than ever, and lights sparkle more brilliantly. Good cheer makes the heart rejoice, and all is hallowed and chastened by the solemn memories of Bethlehem, and Nazareth and calvary. For as in all noble music there are some chords which touch the soul with a feeling of sadness, so in these Christmas festivities there are undertones heard in the secresy of the heart which makes the eye moisten even when the face is robed in smiles.

We cannot forget that he whose birth we celebrate sometimes could find no place at nightfall to lay his head. We cannot forget that he was a man of sorrow, and that it was our sin that made him sorrowful—our sin which led him to an ignominious and cruel death. And there are other thoughts which cast a sombre shade over our festivities. There are some vacant places in the domestic circle; there are steps, which used to bound the quickest up the stair that are quiet now. There are voices which a few short years ago shouted loudest and merriest on Christmas Eve, that we hear no more. And yet we cannot feel that the departed are very far away; they may be near enough to be drawn back by the law of sympathy to the once familiar home, so that invisible ones rejoice with us while we keep the sacred festival.

There is another fact which makes our songs less jubilant and that is the imperfect hold upon society as yet attained by the principles of Christ. He came to help the poor, and even in Christendom there are millions who know not to day where they will find the morrow's bread. He came to lift off the yoke of the oppressed, and the bitter cry of multitudes in bondage still enters into the ear of the Lord of Sabbath. He came publishing peace, and his own professed disciples still imbrue their hands in each others' blood. He came, preaching the widest charity, and bigoted intolerance still barricades the way of life. He came to cleanse the world from sin, and men still riot in pollution.

A great work has indeed been done by the Christian church, but a greater work remains undone. We must have a profounder and more intelligent faith in Christianity before that greater work will be completed. We must comprehend the real nature of Christ's mission more thoroughly. We must discern his truth more clearly.—We must feel it more vitally in our hearts. We must conform our lives to it more cheerfully. And when the time comes, prophesied of long before his advent, when all the kingdoms of the world shall be brought into harmony with him, when the gospel of Jesus shall penetrate every family and renew every heart, what a song will be sung in the night of this holy solemnity! Christ in the spirit shall then return and take up his abode once more among the sons of men.—*Bishop Clarke.*

CHRISTMAS HYMN.

Calm on the listening ear of night
Come heaven's melodious strains,
Where wild Judea stretches far
Her silver-mantled plains!
Celestial choirs, from courts above,
Shed sacred glories there;
And angels, with their sparkling lyres,
Make music on the air.
The answering hills of Palestine
Send back the glad reply:
And greet, from all their holy heights,
The dayspring from on high.
O'er the blue depths of Galilee
There comes a holier calm,
And Sharon waves, in solemn praise,
Her silent groves of palm.
"Glory to God!" the sounding skies
Loud with their anthems ring;—
"Peace to the earth, good-will to men,
From Heaven's Eternal King!"
Light on thy hills, Jerusalem!
The Savior now is born!
And bright on Bethlehem's joyous plains
Breaks the first Christmas morn.

Christmas has come.—Let thought stray feelingly over that narrow pathway which wanders back through the space of more than eighteen hundred years to Him who gave it light, and life, and loveliness. Let us follow it through ages of persecution and superstition, through darkness and dawning light. Let us accept with gladness the fruit of that Gospel which was watered with the blood of martyrs, and sanctified with the grace of God. And let us remember that the pathway which leads from the simple manger at Bethlehem, through Jerusalem and over Calvary, through the Garden of Gethsemane, and by the foot of the Cross, still leads on as distinctly now as then to the throne of our Redeemer's glory and the home of His everlasting love. The star whose lustre never fades still points the way to Him who lit its fire, the night when Christ was born. Let us follow it and love it. It glistens over the vineyard of the Lord, over the happy household of His husbandmen. Sacred shall its light forever be to those who through all the changes of a fluctuating life remember the dear promises of Him who, 'having loved His own which were in the world, loved them unto the end.'

Memoir of Rhode-Island.

1761

scarce ever been known here.

Military operations of 1761.

A furious and bloody war was carried on between the Southern colonies and the Indians on their frontier, with various success but in the end to the disadvantage of the English. As the whole Canada had been conquered the year before, the Indians had no battles to fight in that quarter, but the troops were fully occupied in repairing, enlarging and strengthening the English forts on the Canada frontier, as a precautionary measure, so that in case Canada should be restored to France by the treaty of peace, the defences of the English colonies at the north should be in the best possible condition. In Europe the war on the continent was carried on with great spirit, but the odds was much against the English and her allies. Much fear was entertained in the colonies that in the final pacification, the English acquisitions in America, would be given up in exchange for what she had lost in Europe.

Pondechery, in the East Indies, the capital of all the French possessions in those parts, surrendered to the English on the 15th of January, 1761.

For the satisfaction of our readers we here give the prices current as published in the Newport Mercury, printed February 17th, 1761, at which time seven shillings currency was equal to a Spanish dollar.

Molasses, 44 to 45s.
New England Rum, 57 to 58s
West India " 85 to 90s.
Sugar from 45 to £50 per C.
Bohea tea, £5 per chest,
Flour, £18 per hundred.
Indian corn, £4 per bushel.
Salt, £3 10s. per do.
Connecticut Pork, £72 per barrel.
Carolina do. £60 per do.
By the hog, 5s. to 5s. 6s. per lb.
Beef, 5s. to 5s. 6 p. per lb.
Walnut Wood. £22 per cord.
Oak do., £18 per do.

On the night of the 24th of October, Weybossett bridge in the town of Providence, was swept away in a great storm and gale of wind, which caused the highest tide that ever was known.

The General Assembly granted one thousand pound to the town towards repairing it.

1762.

The General Assembly in February, 1762, ordered 606 able bodied men to be raised, to be employed in his Majesty's service in North America for the ensuing campaign, and in March an act passed for raising 178 more able bodied men to recruit His Majesty's regular regiments now serving in America.

Fire on Long Wharf.

In the month of February the stores on the head of Long Wharf were burned down containing a great quantity of goods. The fire commenced with the store of Thomas Hazard, who had a brig which arrived from Holland with a valuable cargo, which cargo was run the night before the fire and put in the store, (as was usual in those days) paying no duties to the King. Fortune Prince, a black man, was employed as one of the laborers to run the cargo,—Hazard refused to pay him what he demanded for his services, and as report says gave him a whipping besides, when in revenge, Fortune set fire to the store the following night. It being reported that there was powder in the store, people were cautious of approaching it, which was the cause of its not being extinguished. All the stores on the head of Long Wharf were consumed. Fortune was tried, condemned and executed. He was hanged on the Beach. Previous to this we find only two fires recorded: Ellery's house on the hill, in 1749, and Goddard's house on the point 1759.

The Assembly met at Newport on the first Wednesday in May, 1762. The body of freemen having been required by the late law, to vote only in their several and respective towns, the Assembly did not meet, as they had before done, on the day previous to that of the election. They therefore met now on Wednesday, the day of election, and counted the votes and declared the result as follows:

SAMUEL WARD, Governor.
JOHN GARDNER, Dep. Gov.

Assistants.

James Honeyman, Nicholas Easton,
Nicholas Cook, Jabez Brown.
Robert Lawton, Nathaniel Searle,
Joseph Harris, Francis Willet.
Henry Gardner, Samuel Greene.
Thomas Ward, Secretary.
Augustus Johnson, Attorney General.
Joseph Clarke, General Treasurer.

The Deputies from Newport were: Gideon Wanton, John Wanton, George Hazard, John Jepson, Daniel Arnolt, and William Reed.

Party ran high this year and Governor Ward was elected in opposition to Governor Hopkins.

The Assembly allowed the town of Newport £300 towards repairing the Point Bridge.

The Newport Mercury.

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 24, 1859.

GROWTH and decay are incidents to a law of nature; and, in respect to those subjects to which this law applies, not to be evaded or controlled by human effort. At different periods in history, the race has suffered from the rage of its own passions, as if it was visited by the scourge of retribution. We have before alluded to the crusades as a remarkable illustration of this truth. But there is one consoling reflection, that, however severe the suffering which must attend such departures from the path of duty and philanthropy, there is a law of decrease as well as increase to which the most unfortunate delusions are subject. When the current of action is not in the right channel, the stronger and swifter it runs, the sooner will it be exhausted. The conquests of NAPOLEON BONAPARTE being misgoverned, the career of the conqueror was the sooner closed. The check of decline is certain to succeed the most flattering triumph of an unreasonable enthusiasm.

True, a ball in motion, may continue to move a long time after it has acquired its greatest velocity; but, unless it be opposed by an equal or superior force, its wasting momentum will gradually diminish its velocity, till at length it will be found in a state of rest. The dissocial passions are of this nature. The rise and fall of enthusiasm inflamed with hatred, may be less rapid, but cannot be less certain. If fanaticism have a beginning, it may have a middle, and must have an end. The patience of a generous public has been waiting a long time for the disturbers of the peace between the States to desist, and to cease from troubling those who have the right, under the constitution, to attend to their own business in their own way. The States aggrieved have endured some provocations, that would have justified more impatience than they have manifested. The laws of the Union and the laws of the land, have been purposely evaded and faithlessly nullified by certain legislative bodies in the States thereby offending. Political demagogues have taken advantage of the fanatical blindness of their supporters, to lead them to the sacrifice of their own interests, and it may be to the ruin of the whole country. But the lessons of the times may be improved upon a second thought. Let the Union, therefore, continue to be maintained in the South, as the causes of disruption in the North, though not "*slight*," may yet prove to be "*transient*."

But whatever may be the result of this unpatriotic contest among politicians, one thing seems to be certain, that the present position of the public affairs of the general government, cannot long be maintained with safety to the whole country. That position will soon become better or worse. Faith in humanity, as well as obedience to the constitution, is an essential condition in the fulfillment of allegiance to the federal authority of the Union. The insane hatred which now rankles in the bosom of factions, is an acute inflammation, and not a chronic affection. When the heart of the nation shall be consulted, without the charlatanry of plotting enthusiasts, and with a patriotic purpose, it will be found to beat as in the best days of the American confederated republic. The pulsation of the common heart in the country of WASHINGTON will still be, to maintain with sacred honor the compacts of the constitution, in relation to the lawful guardianship of subject individuals or a subject race of whatever complexion, according to the terms of those compacts and in harmony with the spirit of the constitution; and that, too, without prejudice to any State under a geographical discrimination, but as bound by duty, and with just respect to the advice of WASHINGTON.

Still it is not our purpose, nor in the train of our thoughts to advocate, anywhere, unnecessary servility or servitude. But the contrast between nations and states in this respect even, is not without beneficial effects and a salutary influence in the cause of universal freedom. It may serve to keep alive and in action that benevolence (not mingled with hatred) which is so much needed to improve the condition of the world. And when a comparison is made between the different members of the great family of mankind, if a one-sided view of the subject should not be taken, the same inequality which is condemned abroad, may be found to exist at home, and without the slightest endeavor to remedy the evil. On this principle, such is the destiny that shapes evil into good, that we see a greater degree of equality prevailing in some respects, among the citizens of the same free state, than might have been the case, if attention had not been drawn to the subject by the peculiarity of the slave states. And it may be, that this circumstance has led to removing or preventing the stamp of *perpetual minority* from resting upon the heads of more or less of the national offspring in our land, the sons and daughters of American freemen.

IT was with feelings of deep regret that we learned, on Saturday last, that Hon. WM. P. SHEFFIELD, of this city had met with a severe accident in New York the evening previous.—By letters received here, we learn that while crossing Broadway, from the Astor House, he fell and caused a compound fracture of the bones just above the knee. A carriage was called and Mr. SHEFFIELD taken to the New York Hotel where he is now confined. Two surgeons were summoned and for two hours endeavored to replace the broken limb, but finding it impossible were compelled to amputate the protruding bones, through all of which the patient was entirely conscious. Mr. SHEFFIELD being a delegate from this city to the General Assembly, will be missed by his many friends when that body assembles on the 16th of next month, and being a man of very active mind and always anxious to fulfil the duties imposed upon him by his constituents or clients, as the case may be, will pass many wearisome hours; but he has the comforting companionship of his estimable wife, which will in a measure dispel the gloom which naturally attends a person in his painful position.

THE Street Commissioner closed up the repairs on Thames street on Thursday, having completed the street as far as Frank street.—We learn that the appropriation of $3000 has been already expended, although a portion of the amount will be repaid when the abuttors pay for the curbstones. The repairs on Franklin street will not be commenced until the next regular appropriation is made, as the amount in the Commissioner's hands unexpended, is only sufficient to pay for the keeping of teams and what is likely to require to be done during the winter months.

THE barbers in towns of China, go about ringing bells to get customers.

In this city, in order to get customers, one barber has erected something representing a big stick of peppermint candy.

THE Gift Stores were crowded last evening, and many a heart will be glad to be the recipient of a present from HAMMETT'S, WARD'S, F. STANHOPE'S, H. H. YOUNG'S, (Parade corner,) or WILSON'S, all of whom have provided a suitable stock for Christmas and New Year's.

THE great conservative meeting, at the Academy of Music, in the city of New York, on Monday last, will form a large chapter in the history of the times. The Metropolis came out strong for the Union. The gathering is said to have filled the Academy, and the number outside, that could not find room anywhere within, appears to have been quite equal to one-half of the whole assemblage. The demonstrations, by way of scenery, were most appropriate and highly interesting. Especially the words of WASHINGTON: "Indignantly frowning upon the first dawning of every attempt to alienate any portion of our country from the rest, or to enfeeble the sacred ties which now link together the various parts." There were also most impressive quotations from JACKSON and WEBSTER. The names of other worthies were also displayed in a most conspicuous and effective manner—JEFFERSON, CHOATE, CALHOUN, MONROE, MADISON, WRIGHT, CLAY and BENTON.

Mayor TIEMAN presided, and the speeches from the stage within and on the stands outside, would form an interesting volume for American readers. Letters were received from various distinguished gentlemen who had been invited from a distance, but who not being able to be present availed themselves of that mode of communicating their approbation of the movement. The letters from Ex-President FILLMORE and Lieut. Gen. SCOTT were read to the meeting, and were received with great applause. Gen. SCOTT assured the committee that he felt "the liveliest sympathy in the object of the meeting." And Mr. FILLMORE, after expiating upon what he considers the cause of all the trouble, says:—

"Finally, if I had the power to speak, and there were any disposed to listen to my counsel, I would say to my brethren of the South, be not alarmed, for there are few, very few at the North who would justify in manner an attack upon the institutions of the South which are guaranteed by the Constitution. We are all anti-slavery in sentiment, but we know that we have nothing to do with it in the several States, and we do not intend to interfere with it. And I would say to my brethren of the North, respect the rights of the South; assure them by your acts that you regard them as friends and brethren. And I would conjure all, in the name of all that is sacred, to let this agitation cease with the causes which have produced it. Let harmony be restored between the North and the South, and let every patriot rally around our national flag, and swear upon the altar of his country to sustain and defend it."

Prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. VERMILYE. After which, the Assembly was addressed by several speakers in their turn: JAS. BROOKS, CHARLES O'CONNOR, WASHINGTON HUNT, JAS. S. THAYER, JOHN A. DIX, Dr. BETHUNE, Prof. MITCHELL, and others.

The last named gentleman surged up at this meeting, a singular genius, and made a speech of a very striking character, the principal object of which was to show, that the great and frightful danger into which the whole country is brought, may justly be attributed to the politicians and parties. His remedy for the evil, is, to form a new party composed entirely of those who should solemnly abjure becoming a candidate for any office, while belonging to the party, and for five years after having received an honorable discharge. He would thus form a patriotic party, foregoing office for the good of the country. He appeared to think, that, if as much pains were taken to organize such a patriotic party, as are now taken to organize the opposing parties, that it would run like wildfire over the land, and there would be everywhere a patriotic party to save and preserve the Union. That, things now threaten a most terrific end to the government. That, the country cannot be divided. And if the Union dies, it will die with groans and agonies, parricides and murders. The resolutions introduced by Mr. BROOKS, were brief but comprehensive, and consisting of documentary support of the principles upon which the meeting was called—against inflammatory appeals and sectional agitation.

THE long considered European Congress appears to be at length called to meet in Paris on the 5th of January. The English government is evidently reluctant to mingle in continental discussion on this occasion. She will be represented, however, by her resident minister, Lord COWLEY. There would be perhaps a need of a more efficient diplomatist, and such a plenipotentiary might be more earnestly expected to be sent, if the place of assembling was not so near and accessible. Besides, the Cabinet at home, will have the opportunity of hourly communicating with the representative of the British government in Paris.

There may be other reasons, but the one assigned why Lord PALMERSTON does not intend to be present, in person, is, that the Congress will not actually assemble before the 15th. And as Parliament will meet on the 24th, the important business of the session will require his preparation to be present on that account. But however inefficient compared with the cotemporary of TALLYRAND and METTERNICH the elder, the resident minister may be, there is reason to be confident that, whatever weight the English government may have in settling the Italian question, it will be in favor of the right of the people, whether in the States claimed by the rejected princes, or in the territories of the Pope, to choose such a government or friendly alliance for themselves as they shall think proper.

These States under the disaffected Papal territory of Romagna, are now under the temporary regency of BUONCOMPAGNI, the nominee of Prince CARIAGNAN. He is styled the Governer General of Central Italy. But it is asserted, that the resignation of GARIBALDI is followed by a less indulgent disposition on the part of the papal government. It may happen that this Congress will compose the troubles of Italy.—But what Europe most needs is not the rule or the influence of conquerors or Diplomatists.—Several countries there testify to this effect. It is reported that 30,000 additional troops are sent by Austria into Hungary to suppress the increasing disorder and discontent in that country. The true remedy for that and every other nation in like circumstances, would be, to allow them to regulate themselves.

But, upon the principle of non-interference, it is difficult to understand what business the European Congress can have, to meet and consult with themselves upon the internal affairs of the Italians. And yet there is much reason to believe that it was only upon that principle, that the English government has consented to be in any way represented in the approaching deliberations at Paris. The government organ assures the English public, that there was a previous understanding with the other powers of Europe in regard to the proposed proceedings for the pacific settlement of Italy. But it contains some intimations, that though approving of the preambles, the same might involve results of the most momentous character. And that whatever the results, the English government will never aid or abet the restoration of the anti-national rulers to the power which they have justly forfeited.

WE learn that the Engineers who are surveying for the contemplated Railroad across our island, have reached Bristol Ferry. They have sounded across the East River and find about 45 feet of water (in the channel) where it was proposed to construct the bridge.

No Speaker yet elected by the U. S. House.

WITHIN two years our Patent Office has directed attention to the practicability of the cultivation of the tea plant in the United States, and in order that the people might procure all necessary information on the subject, that office employed an intelligent and experienced agent to visit the districts of China to collect the seeds of the tea shrub, and was instructed to return with them during the present year, and make choice of localities to propagate the seed. It has been demonstrated by Mr. FORTUNE, the agent, that there are portions of our country equally adaptable to the growth of tea as the regions in China. After perfectly acquainting himself with the geography, climate and soil of the tea-growing districts of China, he has made patient and accurate comparisons with parts of our own country, and finds that the land best adapted for the purpose "would embrace the secondary or hilly tracts which lie between the Appalachian mountains and the alluvial flat lands bordering on the tidal waters of Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia, and Alabama, extending probably into Florida, and to the undulating portions of the temperate regions of Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Kentucky and Tennessee. Here the climate for the most part is agreeable and favorable to health; the thermometer seldom ranges as low as 12°, and not higher than 100° Farenheit in any portion of this tract, and in some parts snow is rarely seen. In the upper or more inland country, however, it sometimes falls to the depth of five or ten inches, but the cold weather is not of long continuance." In this territory winter is short—only of about four months—the spring is some rainy, but generally pleasant, and the summer is inconstant; being sometimes hot a day and at another rainy and windy. Autumn is generally fine and clear. Texas and Louisiana are more mild, and experience less cold and snow. This part of the United States Mr. FORTUNE regards as resembling that of China, in its geologic formations, and soils composed of the fragments of the same class of rocks, intermixed with variable proportions of humus or vegetable mould.

From the facts set forth, it appears beyond a doubt that we have a climate and soil in certain parts of the country where the tea plant can be profitably cultivated, and it only needs that Yankee enterprise and capital, before which all difficulties subside as the wind before the decree of the Creator, to bring this branch of industry into existence in the United States, and to successfully compete with the Celestials. We are in favor of every improvement which aims at home benefit and economy. The importation of tea is constantly increasing, as our population augments, and it has come to be such a necessary article of consumption, and of domestic comfort, that the people *will have it* at any cost. To deprive us of tea would be attacking our vitality. The importation for 1851 to the United States amounted to 17,461,114 pounds, valued at $4,798,005. The importation for 1858 amounted to 32,995,021 pounds, valued at $7,261,815. Let our government go forward in their efforts and the people will endorse them. Our enterprise, intelligence, inventions, and improvements, over the ignorant Chinese and their primitive customs, will work the advantages desired.

REAL ESTATE SALES.—Mrs. Mary L. Ruggles has sold to Mr. William B. Lawrence, jr., a lot of land on Wetmore and Marine Avenues, containing 82,800 feet, for $4,968.

A cottage with a lot of land 40x100, on the south side of Elm Street, has been purchased by Mr. William F. Smith, of Mr. Isaiah Goodspeed, for $1500.

A lot of land 200x100 on Wellington Avenue has been sold by Mr. Clark Burdick to Mr. J. A. C. Stacy for $750.

A lot of land and house on Caleb Earl Street belonging to Sarah Brown, has been purchased by Mr. Thomas T. Franklin, for $900.

We learn that Mr. WILLIAM NEWTON has so far succeeded in purchasing the claims against the Atlantic House that it is actually his property. He has not decided whether he will sell, let or keep the Atlantic, but if he should decide to do the latter, the travelling public would find in him a host who, as it were, was born for the task.

TO-MORROW will be Christmas. It comes on the Sabbath this year, which will check the flow of spirits that mark the Merry Christmas of a week day, but the circle around the family hearth can rejoice in the peculiar sanctity and charms appropriate to the day and occasion. The decorating of churches and private dwellings has been going on during the week with much earnestness, and we notice that great labor has been bestowed upon Zion Church, which, besides a beautiful supply of evergreens which adorn the interior, has many appropriate quotations peculiar to the event.—Old Trinity is dressed with much taste, but not as profusely as Zion.

We learn that services will be held at both churches this evening, and to-morrow evening services will commence at Zion at 7 o'clock.

REV. MR. RICHARDS, of this city, delivered the fifth lecture before the Redwood Library Association, on Thusday evening last, selecting for his subject the history, habits and manners of the early inhabitants of Wales—Cambria of the ancients and the native land of the lecturer. The subject is one with which the public is but little acquainted, and in his treament of it the lecturer brought forward such features as would most likely be found attractive. His remarks were well received and were listened to by a large and appreciative audience. On Thursday evening next we are promised a lecture-poem.

WE are pleased to learn that the clock in the tower of Trinity Church is being repaired and is expected to note the march of time by the beginning of the new year. This clock was presented to the society in 1733, by JAHLEEL BRENTON, Esq., and continued to run without interruption for about one hundred years. For the past twenty to thirty years it has been deemed a useless job to attempt to repair it, but the person who has it now in charge, is confident that he can put it in such order as to give correct time and strike each successive hour.

AT the annual meeting of St. John's Lodge, No. 1, of this city, holden Monday evening last, the following officers were elected for the year ensuing:—

Ara Hildreth, Worthy Master; John W. Davis, Senior Warden; N. T. Briggs, Junior Warden; E. J. Townsend, Treasurer; J. Eldred, Secretary; James W. Curtis, Senior Deacon; Gottleib Spingler, Junior Deacon; Benjamin J. Tilley, Sentinel; John Gladding, Tyler.

A meeting was to have been held in Little Compton on Saturday evening last, of those favorable to the organization of an agricultural society, and it was hoped that the farmers of Fall River, R. I., Tiverton, and Westport, Mass., would unite their efforts to help the object along.

AMONG the patents granted recently, we notice one to Mr. BENJAMIN A. MASON of this city, for a machine for cutting railway bars, which it is expected will cause a complete revolution in the mode of manufacturing rails for railroad tracks.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

NORTH BRITISH REVIEW, for November, has been placed on our table by Hammett, the Agent of the American publishers. Its pages are devoted to the Memorials of Henry VII, Canning and his times, a Review of new Poems, a paper on Professor Powell's Order of Nature, a review of one of Kingsley's and one of Tupper's novels, a paper on Japan and the Japanese, another on Libraries, Life-Boats, Lightning Conductors, Light-house, &c. &c. The present is a fitting time to subscribe for the English Reviews and Blackwood, all of which, five in number, are furnished to the American reader at the very moderate cost of ten dollars.

THE WHITE HILLS, their Legends, Landscapes, and Poetry, by Rev. T Starr King. Published by Crosby, Nichols & Co., Boston, and for sale by C. E. Hammett, Jr. This is an elegant holiday gift book, of 400 pages, printed on superb paper, bound in the most sumptuous style and profusely embellished by a cunning hand. It is the gem of the many beautiful new books we have seen this season, and will be welcomed by the many admirers of the gifted author all over the country. The title of the book tells the whole story, the author's racy style, and happy manner of relating all that can interest any one in the subject he has in hand, are shown in these beautiful pages, which we commend to the attention of all in search of Christmas and New Year gifts.

AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL.—We have the first Number for 1860. Its contents commends it to the attention of every farmer and stock-grower, as it is devoted to the improvement of domestic animals. It is published monthly at 25 Park Row New York, at one dollar per year; and each number contains 32 large octavo pages, handsomely illustrated. The engravings of the Improved Kentucky Sheep and other animals, in the number before us, are well worth the subscription price.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN closes the first volume of the new series to-day, and we are pleased to learn that the efforts of the proprietors to furnish a paper which imparts the greatest information to the mechanic and inventor, has met with satisfactory success. At each weekly visit we turn to its pages with high anticipations of gaining information, and are never disappointed, and if our friends can afford to subscribe for any except their local paper, we would recommend the Scientific American.

FRANK WILDMAN'S Adventures on Land and Water, from the German, 1vol., 12mo., pp. 312. Illustrated with cuts printed in oil colors, Crosby, Nichols & Co., Boston; C. E. Hammett, Jr., Newport. This is a holiday book designed for boys, following a little fellow to various places on the earth's surface, recounting his adventures in a style well adapted to the minds of the youthful reader, and imparting much information that will never come amiss.

HOLLY AND MISTLETOE—Tales translated from the German of Rosalie Roch. Crosby, Nichols & Co., Boston; C. E. Hammett, Jr., Newport.—1vol., 16mo., pp. 249. Illustrated with colored plates. These are beautiful stories, full of life, tender and fresh, breathing forth in gentle strains that captivate the ear and sink down into the heart, where, let us hope, they will take root and produce the finest fruits.

WE have received from the publishers, Messrs. Shepherd, Clark & Brown, Boston, the Lady's Almanac for 1860, beautifully printed and bound, and containing besides the calendar, a large variety of interesting reading.

LITTLE COMPTON is one of the oldest towns in New England and was settled in 1674, just after the conclusion of King Philip's War. Its Indian name was Seaconnett, from which the Seaconnett House derives its name. I was originally owned by 32 persons. The town formerly belonged to Massachusetts but was set off to Rhode Island in 1746. It contains a population of 1400 inhabitants, principally farmers. The first settlers were from the Island and Plymouth colony. The town is located just south of Tiverton. The waters of the East passage wash its Western borders and wend their way into the great Atlantic. About to the Southeast of the town may be seen the Elizabeth Islands, which lie out into the ocean, and were but recently occupied by the Indians.—The race is now believed to be extinct. In a clear, cold day, Nomans Land, a distance of 70 miles, can be seen from the shore with the naked eye.

There is an old house standing in the town upwards of 150 years of age, built by Elder Davenport, one of the Puritan settlers.

OF the death of Dana P. Colburn the Providence Post says:—"Mr. Colburn purchased, a few days since, a very young and not fully trained horse, and the accident which caused his death probably resulted from the animal taking fright. Mr. Colburn was, we think, about forty years of age. He was born in Dedham, Mass., received his education in the common schools, and graduated at the Bridgewater Normal School. After this he devoted himself to teaching, and subsequently was employed as a lecturer before the Massachusetts Teachers' Institutes. He came to this city in 1852, and has since been the principal of our State Normal School, lecturing, as opportunity presented, before our institutes. He was, beyond all dispute, the best teacher we ever had in Rhode Island. He was also greatly beloved for his social qualities At the time of his death he was expecting soon to unite in wedlock with a young lady of rare qualities and attainments, living in the town of Bristol."

RHODE ISLAND MEDICAL SOCIETY.—The semi-annual meeting of this Society, at East Greenwich yesterday, was a pleasant affair, as well as indicative of the Society's usefulness.—Dr. Usher Parsons reported from the Publication Committee, and presented to the members "Sketches of Rhode Island Physicians deceased prior to 1850." Dr. N. Miller, as orator of the day, read an elaborate essay, for which a vote of thanks was passed. Dr. H. E. Turner read a treatise on Tetanus, stating results observed in his own practice. Dr. B. R. Ray, of this city, and Dr. Benjamin Green of Portsmouth, were elected Fellows, and Dr. H. G. Stickney, of this city, was selected as the orator for the next semi-annual meeting. Adjourned to a good dinner provided at Updike's by Dr. Eldredge, the President, and then to meet at Newport on the second Wednesday of July.—*Prov. Press, 22d.*

AN EXTRA LEGISLATIVE ACT.—We observe by a communication in the Boston Journal, that the industrious and agreeable Rhode Island correspondent of that paper, heretofore known as "Junius," has changed his *nom de plume* to "Peroe," over which signature his letters from this city and State will henceforth appear. We believe this change of name was effected without the intervention of either the General Assembly of Rhode Island, or the General Court of Massachusetts. We have no fault to find, however, and will only express the hope that "Peroe" may continue as popular with Providence readers as "Junius" has thus far been.

Prov. Post.

WASHINGTON died Dec. 14th, 1799. Thus sixty years have passed away since his death.—His memory is held in grateful remembrance by the millions who inhabit this now mighty empire, and he is ever spoken of as the "Father of his country." Of late a move has been made to secure the title to Mount Vernon, the place of his former residence, and the purchase money has nearly all been secured. The spot will be forever preserved as a memorial of its illustrious proprietor.

THE Normal School will be re-opened to-day under the charge of Mr. Daniel Goodwin. Mr. Goodwin was formerly an assistant under Mr. Colburn, and since his connection with the school terminated he has been studying at the Theological Seminary in New York. He has consented to leave his studies for a while and conduct the school until other arrangements can be made.—*Prov. Press, 20th.*

A new thread mill has been recently erected in Fall River, R. I., by Mr. J. M. Davis. The building is 60 feet by 30 feet, three and a half stories high. Thirty thread machines are to be started in about two weeks. The works are to be run by a 20 horse engine.

A bald eagle, measuring 9 1-2 feet from tip to tip of wings, and weighing upward of 10 lbs., was shot on the wing by Mr. Isaiah Snell, of Little Compton, last week, at a distance of 175 yards.

WILKES' Spirit of the Times says it is certain that Mr. Ten Broeck has made a clear harvest of over three hundred thousand dollars by his stable of American horses in England during the season of 1859.

IN Australia, the pride of ancestry, it appears, is in having had a convict for a father.

INTERESTING VARIETIES.—The Commissioner of Patents has appointed Professor Jilson, of Columbia College, in the District of Columbia as librarian of the Patent Office, vice Dr. Turner, deceased.—Carlyle says:—"Experience is an excellent schoolmaster, but he does charge such dreadful high wages."—In a steam cylinder where there is little or no compression after the closing of the eduction port, the sudden admission of steam upon the piston will cause the pencil of the indicator (where one is attached) to leap to a point considerably above that corresponding the pressure of steam in the valve-box. That this result is partly caused by the impact of the steam, and not by the momentum alone of the pencil, has been proved by holding the finger firmly upon the pencil, when it was found that a positive blow was imparted, the degree of force being quite beyond anything which could have proceeded from the momentum of the small moveable parts of the instrument.—Some of the springs oozing into the Northumberland coal pit are charged with a fine impalpable pipe-clay, which is deposited wherever the water reaches. When the miners are at work, the fine black dust, disengaged by their tools, is carried by currents of air and deposited with the clay. These processes are so regular that sections of the stone thus formed present alternate black light colored streaks, corresponding to each day of the week, broad pale layers being left on Sundays and holidays when the miners are not at work.—In the Cornish engines, the impact or percussion of the the high-pressure steam suddenly admitted upon the large pistons has been found to "spring" the cylinder covers. These were formerly stiffened by stout ribs dividing their upper sides into segmental cells, but as the cover was thereby deprived of all elasticity it broke under the shock just mentioned, and the form and the arrangement of these ribs have been changed in consequence.—In many cases sudden increase of pressure in steam boilers immediately after starting the engine. This occurs, no doubt, from the ascent of water upon some of the plates which have been heated beyond their proper temperature as well as from the sudden conversion of water into steam by being raised in a divided state into intimate contact with steam already superheated.—In some cases, Mr. Fongridge has found that where the upper plates of steam boiler furnaces had become uncovered, the heat communicated to and through the steam was such that the lagging on the outside of the boiler became charred. Mr. Fongridge has stated that this has occurred whilst the pressure of the steam was at no time above 10 lb. per square inch.—Electricity exists upon the exterior surfaces only of bodies. If a silk bag, previously charged with electricity, be instantly turned inside out, the charge will pass through or around it, and will be still found upon the exterior surface. No electroscope placed within the bag will be effected.—Superheated steam will take up or convert water into ordinary steam.—Iron and steel, while heated to a cherry red, can no longer be magnetized, nor are they then susceptible to any magnetic influence whatever.—In driving piles by Nasmyth's steam pile driver, working at from sixty to seventy blows per minute, the heads of the pile sometimes bursts into flame and burn fiercely.—In Bury's locomotives, the apparent level of the water often rose 8 inches or 10 inches on starting, so great was the foaming consequent upon the limited steam room and the form of the boiler.—A turbine water-wheel of 85 horse power, erected by M. Fourneyron at St. Blaise, in Baden, makes between 2,200 and 2,300 revolutions per minute. The head of water is 354 feet.—The exhaust pipe of stationary engines, where made of very thin sheet metal, have sometimes collapsed in consequence of the partial vacuum formed by the action of the steam ascending within.—The specific heat of iron is 1137, that of water being unity. The heat which would raise 1 lb. of water through any number of degrees of temperature would heat 9 lb. of iron to the same extent.—Instances are on record where cold water has been ejected into and allowed to remain in steam boilers, heated red hot, without producing explosion.—The greatest tensic strength of copper being 16 tuns per square inch, its resistence to compression is said to be but three tuns to the square inch.—Mr. Dewrance found that the square heads of staybolts, when projecting two-and-a-half inches into locomotive fire-boxes, burned off to one-and-a-quarter inches, at which projection they remained.

SHIELDS GREEN and John Copeland, the two colored men who were convicted with John Brown, were hung at Charlestown on the 15th. The execution was witnessed by at least sixteen hundred people. The prisoners mounted the scaffold with a firm step at 11 0.5 A. M., accompanied by the Rev. Messrs. Waugh, North and Lehr. Mr. North of the Presbyterian Church made a prayer, and the prisoners bid farewell to each of the ministers. Green was heard to offer up a fervent prayer. At 11 minutes after 11 o'clock the rope was cut, and they both fell at the same instant. Green's neck was broken, and he died without a struggle, while Copeland writhed in violent contortions for several minutes. Cook and Coppie were then brought out of the jail, and, being ridden to the scaffold, were launched into eternity a few minutes before 1 o'clock P. M. They evinced the most unflinching firmness, and said nothing except to bid farewell to the ministers and Sheriff.

An attempt to escape was made on Thursday night by Cook and Coppie, in which they succeeded so far as to relieve themselves of their shackles and break through the brick wall of the jail. They were discovered, however, by a sentinel, who fired upon them, when they retreated again into the jail and delivered themselves up.

THERE have been a number of arrests lately for the Burrill Arnold murder at Centreville, R. I., some months ago, but though it is clear some of the men taken had a hand, directly or indirectly, in that crime, no positive evidence of the guilt of any one of them is yet brought out. It will be remembered that Mr. Arnold, having made himself obnoxious by his opposition to liquor selling, was shot dead through the window while sitting in his store of an evening. The man named Henry Wells, arrested in New York a few days ago, makes a confession tending to implicate Edward Shea in the transaction, by contradicting the defense set up by Shea when lately arraigned for the crime. Wells, whose real name is Henry Percival Capron, left Rhode Island soon after the murder, deserting his wife, but taking another woman with him. Though the affair is still shrouded in doubt and mystery, it is evident quite a number of people knew more or less of the murder, and the secret must sooner or later force itself out.

OPTICAL DISCOVERY.—Professor Wharton Jones has made an optical discovery, which, while especially advantageous to persons of weak eyes, will be prized by all who appreciate eyesight. It is a form of spectacle glasses whereby paintings and engravings appear as stereoscopic pictures; that is, the figures and objects are seen in full relief and roundness.—The glasses may be fitted and worn as ordinary spectacles, or used in an opera-glass, and with an effect, as surprising as it is delightful. To frequenters of picture galleries, to antiquarians fond of studying gothic architecture and the features of old ruins, the new glass will be a double power of vision.

THE Richmond Enquirer, in answer to the statement of the enormous expense brought upon the State of Virginia by quartering so many troops lately at Charlestown, says:

"The expense of Gen. Taliaferro's command, according to a liberal calculation, up to the 16th inst., including the expenses recently incurred by Gen. Gibson's and Col. Davis's respective commands, will hardly exceed the amount just appropriated by the Legislature of South Carolina for the mere purchase of new arms and ammunition, in view of the present state of Federal relations."

The sum referred to is $200,000.

WHALERS.—The last of our whalers to sail this season will take their departure the first of next week, the ship Isaac Howland for the North Pacific, the ship Trident for the Pacific, and the bark Osceola 2d, for the Indian Ocean. After the departure of these vessels there will remain in this port 18 whalers, which lie over, several of them being already nearly fitted for sea, so that with a few days work upon them they will be ready to sail early in the Spring.—At Fairhaven seven whaling vessels lie over this winter.—*N. B. Standard.*

KANSAS is at this time the paradise of ill-matched couples; a residence of twenty days in that blessed territory entitles any one tired of matrimonial bondage to citizenship, and the right of petitioning for a divorce, which, according to report, is granted at railroad speed.—Some of the judges are constantly engaged in unmating mates, which is done at the rate of a score or two daily.

THERE are now 192 surviving Waterloo veterans above the rank of captains, viz: one field marshall, twelve generals, thirty-three lieutenant generals, 39 major generals, forty-six colonels, thirty nine lieutenant colonels and thirty-two majors.

CONGRESS.—Saturday, Dec 17—The Senate was not in session to-day.

In the House two ballots were taken for Speaker. On the first, Mr. Sherman had 96 (lacking 8 of an election), Bocock 86, Gilmer 36, scattering 9. On the second, Sherman 111 (lacking 4 of an election), Bocock 83, Botelier of Va., (who received the American vote instead of Mr. Glimer) 25, scattering 9.

SENATE.—Monday, Dec. 19—Mr. Fitzpatrick of Alabama was elected President, *pro tem.*, in the absence of the Vice-President. Mr. Pugh of Ohio replied to the remarks of Mr. Iverson of Georgia, and defended the Northern Democracy from the charge of disunionism.

In the House, after debate upon the slavery question, a ballot for Speaker was taken. Mr. Sherman received 112 votes,—four less than the number required for an election. Mr. Bocock, the Democratic candidate, then withdrew his name. Two more ballotings then took place, with the same result,—Sherman still wanting four votes of an election.

In the Senate, Tuesday, Dec. 20, the further consideration of Mr. Pugh's resolution was postponed to Monday next.

In the House, the order of proceedings was not materially changed. The slavery question was discussed for an hour or two, when the customary three ballots for Speaker were then taken with the usual result, and the House adjourned.

SENATE, Dec. 21.—An Executive session was had, when the Standing Committees were announced. Mr. Slidel introduced a bill making appropriations to facilitate the acquisition of Cuba by negotiation. Mr. Bayard introduced several bills which failed to receive action at the last session; and after a second Executive session, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The debate on the Helper book was continued, after which Mr. Boteler withdrew his name as a candidate for Speaker, nominating Mr. Milson of Virginia. The debate was then resumed but finally a vote for Speaker was had, giving Mr. Sherman 106, Mr. Milson 96, Mr. Cilmer 6, Mr. Etheridge 7, Mr. Davis of Ind. 4, Scattering 7. Necessary to a choice 114. The House shortly after adjourned.

WHERE THE YANKEE GIRLS HAVE GONE.—The women of New England, and particularly those of Massachusetts, earn millions of dollars annually in various branches of industry which have been introduced in modern times. In one part of the commonwealth, female labor is employed upon binding shoes; in another district, in braiding straw is the leading pursuit; in a neighboring county, palm leaf is converted into hats and bonnets by women; and in the seaport villages clothing is made by the female residents for large dealers in Boston. The effect of this home industry upon a large scale, has been the withdrawal of nearly the whole native force from the factories, and the substitution of foreigners in manufacturing villages; while in the matter of domestic service, the native women have almost wholly left the field, much to the regret and annoyance of hous-keepers; and we apprehend that if the amount of the aggregate wealth of the women of Massachusetts could be ascertained, the sum would suprise everybody. They form a large class of the depositors in Savings Banks, and there is hardly a corporation within their borders that has not females among its share owners. The independent industry of our New England women adds largely each year to the aggregate wealth of the community.

THE N. Y. correspondent of the Charleston Mercury writes—"The Wood Family, of which Fernando is the chief, is rather a remarkable 'institution.' The next most celebrated of the brothers is 'Ben,' the great lottery and policy man, who has bought up or got within his influence, nearly all the lotteries in the United States. He is the shrewdest of the shrewd, and is thought to surpass even the arts of his brother in diplomacy and manœuvering. Next comes Henry, the minstrel man, former partner of George Christy. He has been very successful in business, coining money out of everything that he touches, except the big balloon, which not even his financial genius could make a source of profit. The fourth brother, of whom very little is heard, is a quiet, thorough-going business man, the head of the well-known custom house broking firm of Wood, Nieuber & Co. He sticks to his vocation conscientiously and detests politics. Fernando appears to monopolize the political ambition of the family.

IT is calculated that the entire world of smokers, snuffers and chewers consume two million tons of tobacco annually, or 4,480,000,000 lbs. weight—as much in tonnage as the corn consumed by ten millions of Englishmen and actually at a cost sufficient to pay for all the bread corn eaten in Great Britain. Five millions and a half of acres are occupied in its growth, chiefly cultivated by slave labor, the product of which, at two pence per pound, would yield thirty-seven millions of pounds sterling. The time would fail to tell of the vast amount of smoking in Turkey or Persia; in India all classes and both sexes indulge in this practice; the Siamese both chew and smoke. In Burmah all ages practice it—children of three years old and of both sexes. China equally contributes to the general mania; and the advocates of the habit boast that about one-fourth of the human race are their clients, or that there certainly are 100,000,000 smokers!

THE OPIUM TRADE LEGALIZED.—The Shanghai correspondent of the New York *Post* says that by Minister Reed's recently ratified treaty with the Chinese government, the opium trade is again legalized. In the old treaty negotiated by Caleb Cushing, there was an article prohibiting the introduction of the mischievous drug into China, but, at the earnest request of Lord Elgin, Mr. Reed left that article entirely out of the treaty. Opium may now be introduced into China at a specified tariff, like other merchandise. As the American treaty is the only one in force, the English are already taking advantage of its provisions to revive the opium trade.

THE news from the Rio Grande does not justify the anticipations which had been formed that Cortinas and his followers would be soon expelled from the limits of Texas. It appears on the contrary, that he is stronger than ever. The Rangers who went out to attack him were defeated, with some loss, and compelled to retreat to Brownsville. That town is still beleaguered by the enemy, and it is the opinion there that not less a force than five hundred men will suffice for its relief. Cortinas is strongly entrenched in the vicinity, and bids defiance to the authorities.

A TWELVE pound cannon ball was found recently in a bale of cotton purchased in Providence. In another bale about seventy-five pounds of cotton seed and clumps of earth were found. The Providence *Journal* thinks that as iron does not injure the machinery like sand, the substitution of the former for the latter shows an improvement in moral character of men who mingle foreign substances with the cotton. They only want to cheat and do not desire to injure the machinery.

SUDDEN DEATH WHILE ON THE WAY TO A FUNERAL.—Mr. William A. Mylod, of South Dedham, died very suddenly on Monday afternoon. He was on his way to the funeral of Mr. Dana P. Colburn, which took place in the Baptist church, when, finding that he was late, he started quickly, but suddenly dropped and hardly breathed after he was reached. He leaves a wife and grown up family.

A number of scoundrels are amusing themselves in Providence almost every evening, by pouring lamp oil upon the dresses, shawls and cloaks of ladies who venture into the streets.—At least two hundred of these outrages are said to have been committed within the past three months, and in some neighborhoods not a single family has escaped.

PETER HELLMAN, a baker in New York, was thrown out of his wagon, and falling against a lamp-post broke his leg. He gathered up the fragments, scrambled into his wagon and again drove off—to have the pieces screwed together—they were of wood.

ANOTHER SLAVER.—Late advices from Sierra Leone report that a brig, supposed to be the John Harris of New York, had been captured on that coast by an English steamer and taken to Freetown. The brig had 500 slaves on board when captured.

THE Governor of Kentucky recommends the legislature to pass a law forbidding the marriage of first cousins.

A PICTURE TO GAZE UPON.—"Cow Bay," a notorious locality in the five Points, N. Y., is to be converted into a children's play-ground; the tenements there are being demolished. The Tribune says—"many years we have been familiar with this terrible place, and heard of and witnessed deeds so dark and fearful that an accurate description of them would be deemed incredible. The floors and the walls of almost every house and room, have been dyed with the blood of some poor murdered wretch, whose agonizing shriek of 'help! help! murder! murder!' has been drowned by the louder voices and bacchanalian shouts of the miserable and hardened wretches around him. There, just by the corner, Stockey stabbed a negro, and a swarm of wretches gathered, cursing and laughing while his life's blood was ebbing fast away. Down *there*, once lived drunken 'Phil,' a desperado. Scarce a day passed that some poor dead or dying wretch was not taken from this vile den. Finally, in a drunken rage, he stabbed his own brother to the heart, and is now a raving maniac on Blackwell's Island.—In sight now, as they tear away the partitions, in the room—now tenanted by a negro who claims two white wives and one black—there *twenty* beings have been seen to die—all drunkards, thieves and beggars. From that room their souls, after a life of drunkenness and debauchery, went up to God who made them, and their bodies to Potter's Field.

AN ENTERPRISING HOUSE.—Among other causes it is through the liberality of her publishers toward authors, and their enterprise in every "good work," that Boston has so deservedly won the title of the Athens of America. Foremost among her publishing houses stands to-day the firm of Brown, Taggard & Chase, of Cornhill. The well informed correspondent of that ever reliable paper, the Brattleboro' Phœnix, justly says that they have made Cornhill in Boston as famous as the famed Cornhill in London, whence come the publications of many men of lettered renown. Brown, Taggard & Chase will give to the world in the next month a thrilling narrative of hair-breath escapes and remarkable adventures, entitled "Dr. Hayes' Arctic Boat Journey in the Autumn of 1854," which will at once take a place among the standard works of Arctic voyaging; and also Margaret Fuller's new work, "Life Without and Life Within," which abounds in miscellaneous essays never before published.

COST OF LIGHT.—The scientific American has the following estimate of the comparative cost of light obtained from different materials used for illuminating purposes.—

Materials.	Price per Gal.	Cost of an equal amt of light.
Kerosene,	$1 00	4 10*
Camphene,	63	4 85
Whale Oil,	1 00	12 00
Lard Oil,	1 25	17 70
Sperm Oil,	1 75	29 60
Burning Fluid,	70	23 33

*That is to say, what cost $4 10 in Kerosene, would cost in burning fluid $23 33.

THE New York Tribune says Old Brown was perhaps distinguished for no one thing more than his knowledge of localities—every place was fixed in his mind with remarkable precision. It is stated that on the back of a letter Brown left for his wife, minute directions of the route she should take with his body, giving the names of the hotels, and other needful things, and among others was marked against Vergennes, "buy a little fish." On the route taken by Mrs. Brown with her husband's body, these directions were minutely carried out, the fish was bought according to directions, and other things done.

THE SLAVE TRADE.—Advices from Liberia, Africa, to the latter part of September, report a new and extraordinary phase of the slave trade. The Rebecca, a Baltimore clipper, commanded by Captain Carter, arrived here in July last with forty-two colored emigrants from New Orleans, liberated from the McDonough estate. She was under orders from the Colonization Society, but having landed the free blacks, she moved off to the Southwest coast and took in a full cargo of slaves, with which freight she is now bound home.

NOTHING could more strikingly illustrate the gifts of Providence, and the ingenuity of the age, than the fact that at this day nearly all of the chief processes of agriculture may now be performed by machinery. The steam plow is a success—turning over the sod at the rate of an acre in seventeen minutes. With machinery we plow, harrow, plant, mow, rake, reap, bind, thresh. With such facilities for cultivating, we shall soon supply the old world with produce to an extent hitherto unanticipated.

PROPRIETORS of halls must give the cold shoulder to abolition lecturers. A man who hissed Mr. G. W. Curtis, in Philadelphia was arrested and the magistrate at once acquitted him, taking occasion to observe, in alluding to the character of the meeting, that if the hall had been destroyed, the owner could not have recovered from the city, as he had rented it after a full knowledge of the incendiary character of the address to be delivered there, and of the excited state of the public mind on the subject.

THE destruction of property in the United States, from all causes, is estimated at the enormous figure of fifty million of dollars per annum. Seventeen millions are annually struck out of existence by fire. The marine losses are more than twenty millions, exceeding by a considerable per cent. the English losses, and by still more those of France. The balance is made up of losses by railroad accidents, and other casualties attributable to carelessness and reckless "go-a-headativeness."

IT is related in a Constantinople letter as an instance of the extravagance of the ladies in the Sultan's harem, that one of them, a favorite, recently desired a silver carriage. Silver to the amount of $80,000 was melted and transformed into the necessary ornaments, and she soon appeared in the precious vehicle. Its cost was about 2,000,000 piasters.

Youthful precocity.—We know a little lad of only four summers who has an exalted opinion of Redding's Russia Salve. He had experienced its beneficient qualities in cases of burns and cuts, and whenever he sustains an injury he invariably insists upon an application of Russia Salve. Sold everywhere for 25 cents a box.

THE Emperor of the French asked one of his Generals, the other day, whether he could land troops at Woolwich with safety. "Yes, sir," was the reply, "I could land them safely, but whether I could embark them again is another question."

A REMARKABLE incident in the religious world transpired in New York on Saturday.—A Mrs. Silberman, who was brought up as a Presbyterian, made public profession of the Jewish faith at a Jewish synagogue, and was received into the Israelitish fold.

As the truly wonderful merits of the Oxygenated Bitters in curing dyspepsia in its worst developments, become known and appreciated, orders for it are pouring in from all parts of the country—North, South, East and West. This tells the story.

IN the schools in San Francisco are seven or eight hundred children who were born in Massachusetts, and nine children who were born off Cape Horn.

DIVIDENDS.—The Old Colony and Fall River Railroad Co., have declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent; the Boston and Providence 4 per cent.

REV. ALFRED B. BURDICK has resigned the pastoral care of Seventh-day Baptist Church in this village. his resignation to take effect on the last day of March next.—*Westerly Weekly.*

A COMPLETE statement of our entire naval force for 1860, shows 35 vessels manned by 8,190 officers and crew against 20 vessels in 1857, manned by 4714 officers and crew.

THE Southern students connected with the medical schools of Philadelphia have resolved to secede in a body, and go to Southern colleges. They number some 300 in all.

Deacon J. A. Crane of Fall River city, has failed to a large amount. He has been engaged in the lumber and coal business.

A SON of Admiral Baudin, it is said will succeed M. de Sartiges as French minister to this country.

OREGON, it is said, exports $600,000 worth of fruit annually.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Flour—State and Western dull, and 5a10c better; superfine State $5 00 a 5 15; extra State $5 20 a 5 35; round hoop Ohio $5 60 a 5 80; common to good extra Western $5 40 a 5 40 Southern steady; mixed to good $5 50 a 5 75 fancy and extra $5 80 a 7 25; Canadian, superfine nom at $5 60 a 6 60. Grain—Wheat heavy 1 a 2c lower; Milwaukie Club $1 20 a 1 25; white Canadian $120 do Club do $1 50. Corn a shade lower; new yellow Southern 91a 92c; old 96 a 97c. Oats firm; Southern and Jersey 43 a 45c; Northern and Western 46 a 47c. Provisions—Beef unchanged; sales at $5a5 50 forcountry mess; $4a4 50 prime; $9 a 9 50 for new repacked Chicago; 18 a 19 for prime mess. Pork, firm; mess $16 12; prime $11 62—Lard dull and heavy; 10 1-2a 10 3 4 cents Butter dull; Ohio 11 a 14c; State 15 a 23c Dressed hogs dull at 7 1-4 a 7 3 8c Groceries—Rice firm at 3 1-2 a 4 1-4c. Sugars firm—New Orleans 8 1-4; Porto Rico 7 1-4 a 7 1-2; Cuba 7 a 7 1-4; Havana 6 3-4 a 7. Coffee quiet—Rio at 10 a 11-3-4.—Molasses 52c. Spirits Turpentine 44 a 25c.

Special Notices.

COAL, COAL, COAL.

CALL AND SEE

CHARLES WILLIAMS

before purchasing your supply of

COAL.

August 20.—tf

BERKELEY INSTITUTE,

15 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

THIS SCHOOL is thoroughly organized, has a full corps of teachers, and three distinct departments, viz:—English, Classical and French.—The studies are so arranged as to afford boys the most ample facilities for preparing themselves for College or for Mercantile life.

Papils admitted to a partial course of study, and to classes in the Modern Languages.

Classes of young ladies in the Modern Language and in Drawing.

WM. C. LEVERETT,
July 2—tf Principal.

Modern Languages.

H. M. MONSANTO, graduate of the University of France, connected with the BERKELEY INSTITUTE of this city, as a teacher of modern languages, offers his services to persons wishing to study the French, German, Spanish or Italian languages, during the vacation of the Summer term. Also, tuition given in mathematics and Book-keeping. Application received at the Aquidneck House. Aug 6—tf.

WM. H. SMITH, DENTIST,

SWINBURNE'S BLOCK,

139 THAMES STREET,

May 9 Newport, R. I.

A TIMELY WARNING is here given to all who vainly imagine that doctors and their nostrums will cure them, although they still persist in eating and drinking without regard to what they eat. There is no stimulant and restorative drink like VANDERVEER'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS in existence. It is a purely imported article, and is warranted to be without deleterious particles of any kind. The housewife of Holland has known its virtues for over half a century, the settlers have known it for half a century and the people now are becoming unanimous in their opinion that it is the only genuine gin and HEALTH-GIVING beverage in the market, and it is only at the earnest request of those who have tried it, that the importers have been induced to give it this publicity.

The Great Indian Remedy,

FOR FEMALES.

DR. MATTISON'S INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE.

This celebrated Female Medicine, possessing virtues unknown of any thing else of the kind, is prepared from an Indian plant, used by the natives for the same purpose from time immemorial, and now, for the first time, offered to the public. Acknowledge of this wondrous plant was obtained from the late SKENANDOAH an Oneida Chief, who lived near Syracuse, New York, to a great age. It is neatly put up in two ounce bottles with full directions for using, and is warranted to cure any case of obstruction of the *Monthly Sickness* often in *twenty-four hours*, after all other remedies have been tried in vain. This may seem incredible, but if it fails in any case *the price will be refunded.*

☞ *Purely vegetable, containing nothing in the least injurious to health, and may be taken with perfect safety at all times.*

LADIES, therefore, in want of something reliable, had better send for the INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE, instead of wasting time and money in trying other things which are always either unsafe or uncertain, and therefore never warranted as is this GREAT REMEDY. Sent by express to all parts of the country.

Sold ONLY at DR. MATTISON'S REMEDIAL INSTITUTE for SPECIAL DISEASES, No. 28 Union street, Providence, R. I.

☞ SENT FREE, by enclosing one stamp as above, a pamphlet on DISEASES OF WOMEN, and on Private and Chronic Maladies generally; also CIRCULARS, giving full information, with undoubted references and testimonials, WITHOUT WHICH NO MEDICINE OF THE KIND IS DESERVING OF ANY CONFIDENCE WHATEVER.

☞ Orders promptly attended to. See advertisement in this paper

Fousel's Pabulum Vitæ!

☞ THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY ☜

for the cure of

CONSUMPTION,

Bronchitis, Bleeding of the Lungs, Chronic Cough, Soreness of the Chest, Colds, Asthma, and all affections of the Lungs and Air Passages.

This volatile preparation will reinvigorate the entire system, and restore the healthy functions to all the organs of the body. *It has Proved itself to be the ONLY REMEDY known that can arrest the development of tubercles in the lungs, or restore the vital functions of those organs to their normal condition.* A beneficial result is immediately experienced by its use and the patient feels and realizes an improvement after the first dose. It can be administered to the most delicate and feeble with perfect safety and certain relief. The testimonies of its efficacy include the names of eminent physicians, chemists and respectable citizens.

The following testimonials will serve to show the value of Fousel's Pabulum Vitæ and the estimation in which it is held by those who have given it a trial, selected from hundreds of like import.

Certificate of Dr. A. A. Hayes.

This preparation, by chemical analysis, was proved to be free from opium, or any of its compounds; nor were any of the alkoilds present. It does not contain any mercurial or mineral substance, but consists wholly of volatile, diffusible agents, which afford vapors freely at a moderate temperature. Most of the substances present are officially used in alleviating pulmonary disease; but the device by which they are combined is new and original, and adapts the compound to inhalation, or other modes of administration.

Respectfully, A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.

From the Assistant Superintendent of Health:

BOSTON, Oct 5 1859.

Sir:—It affords me pleasure in recommending to those troubled with pulmonary complaints the use of FOUSEL'S PABULUM VITÆ: and my own experience has shown that for Coughs and Colds it possesses qualities of great merit, and I would most cheerfully recommend its use to those troubled with the above complaints, so common to our climate.

Respectfully yours,

(Signed) DANIEL B. CURTIS,
To F. J. La Forme, Room 12, City Hall.

From the Sisters of Charity of the St. Vincent Orphan Asylum, of Boston.

BOSTON, July 31, 1858

To Mr. J. F. LaForme, Agent:—"The Sisters are happy to state, that, having used Fousel's Pabulum Vitæ, they have found it efficacious in several instances for bad coughs and colds." Signed by the SISTERS OF CHARITY.

BOSTON, July 22, 1859.

F. LaForme, Esq.:—Dear sir,—This may certify that I have used Fousel's Pabulum Vitæ, and I consider it the best article that I have ever used for pulmonary complaints. My wife has used it for severe colds and its effect was magical; and I have no objection to your referring in any way to me that you deem expedient.

I have given the above named a fair trial, and with confidence advise all that are afflicted with colds or pulmonary complaints, to try it. Yours truly FRED F. HASSAM.

Surgical Instrument manufactory, 128 Washington st.

This admirable preparation possesses all the medicinal properties so long sought for by the profession in the treatment of pulmonary diseases, in a highly concentrated form. It is the discovery of an eminent French physician and chemist, who, after many years patient research, has succeeded in producing a remedy more agreeable and effective than any yet offered to the public in this country.—It is sold at the low price of 50 cents and $1 per bottle, thus placing it within the reach of all. The medicine can be taken with or without an inhaler. Price of inhaler, $1. F. J. LAFORME, Sole Agent, Boston, Mass. M. S. BURR & CO. General Agents, No. 26 Tremont street, Museum Building, Boston, and for sale by all druggists. Circulars with testimonials of efficacy can be had of the agents.

Sold in Newport by R. J. TAYLOR, 104 Thames street.

Nov 5.—1y.

MARRIED.

In Swanzey 8th inst., Mr. ALFRED BOSWORTH of Warren, to Miss LOIS C. BAKER of Swanzey.

In Bristol, 8th instant, Mr. SIMEON B. ELDRIDGE of Dartmouth, Mass., to Miss ELIZABETH F. BROWN of Warren.

In Providence, 21st inst., Mr. JOHN C. ROBINSON to Miss MARY S., daughter of Mr. Samuel S. Wilson, all of P; 22d, BENJAMIN COLE to RUBY A. TREEN.

In Stonington, 19th inst., Mr. WILLIAM R. HOPKINS to Miss MARY P. ANTHONY, both of Prov.

In Norfolk, Va., 15th inst., Mr. WILLIAM T. CHASE, of Sacramento Co., Va., to Miss R. VIRGINIA SEABURY, youngest daughter of the late Capt. F. W. Seabury of the former place.

DIED.

In this city, 16th inst., IDA, only daughter of Mr. John D. Cornell, aged 2 mos. and 4 days.

In this city, 19th inst., JOHN H., only son of Mr. John H. Irish, aged 8 months.

In Providence, 16th inst., Mrs. ELIZA A., wife of Rev. Dr. N. B. Crocker, and eldest daughter of the late Dr. Isaac Center, of this city, aged 68 yrs.

In Portsmouth, 14th inst., CATHARINE T., wife of John C. Mott, and daughter of William Borden, Esq., aged 26 years, 8 mos. and 28 days.

In Providence, 17th, WILLIAM H., son of William H. Burlingame, aged 6 weeks; 17th, JAMES, infant son of T. P. Bogart; 11th, Capt. JOHN REYNOLDS, aged 87 years; 19th, CHARLES W. HARTSHORNE, aged 33 years; 19th, LUTHER ANGELL, aged 65 years; 21st, NELSON S. B. MINOR, aged 17 years; 21st, SAMUEL LINCOLN, of the firm of T. & S. Lincoln, aged 48 years; 21st, GEORGE B., infant son of G. R. Loomis, aged 5 months; 21st, JOSEPH B., son of Albert Weaver, aged 1 1-2 years.

In New Bedford 18th inst., Mrs ELIZABETH widow of Daniel Jennings, aged 89 years, formerly of Tiverton.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, Newport.

Deaths reported in Newport for Sept. 1859.

Whole number,	28	*Nativity.*	
Sex.		Born in U. States,	26
Males,	15	Ireland,	2
Females,	13	*Causes of Death.*	
Parentage.		Accidental,	1
American,	12	Apoplexy,	1
English,	2	Brain, Inflamation on	1
Irish	12	Consumption,	1
Unknown	2	Convulsions,	3
Condition.		Croup,	1
Married,	4	Cerebral Congestion	1
Single,	21	Dysentery,	3
Widows,	1	Enteritis,	1
Widowers,	2	Fever on Lungs,	1
Color.		Heart disease valves of	1
White,	27	Whooping Cough,	5
Colored,	1	Insanity,	1
Ages.		Kidneys, disease of,	1
under 1 year,	11	Liver, " "	1
1 " " " 2	4	Measles,	3
2 " " " 5	3	Puemonia,	1
5 " " " 10	1	Rheumatism,	1
20 " " " 30	1	*Locality.*	
30 " " " 40	1	1st Ward,	6
40 " " " 50	1	2d "	3
60 " " " 70	3	3d "	2
70 " " " 80	1	4th, "	10
80 " " " 90	2	5th, "	7

In addition, one death in another place and a seaman on board a vessel in the harbor was reported here.

BRIGHTON CATTLE MARKET—Thursday Last.

At market 1400 Beef Cattle, 200 Stores, 2700 Sheep and Lambs and 400 Swine.

Beef Cattle—Extra $8 00; first quality $7 50; second quality $7 00; third quality $ 5 25 a 6.

Working Oxen None.

Milch Cows—$37 a 39; common $18 a 19.

Veal Calves—$3, 4 a 5.

Stores—*Yearlings*—$11 a 12; two years old $17 a 21; three years $22 a 26.

Hides, 6 a 6 1-4 per lb. *Tallow* 6 a 6 1-4c.

Pelts $1 a 1 37. *Calf Skins* 11 a 12c per lb.

Sheep & Lambs—$1 25 a 1 50; extra $2 00 a 2 50.

Swine—Spring Pigs 5 a 6c; retail, 5 1-2 a 6 1-2; fat hogs undressed, none.

NEW BEDFORD OIL MARKET.

SPERM—the only transactions are sales at 140c per gallon.

WHALE—sold at 50 cents per gallon.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

DECEMBER. 1859.	SUN rises.	SUN sets.	MOON rises.	HIGH water
24 SATURDAY,	7 27	4 32	4 54	7 44
25 SUNDAY,	7 28	4 33	5 56	8 35
26 MONDAY,	7 28	4 33	7 2	9 24
27 TUESDAY,	7 28	4 34	8 4	10 9
28 WEDNESDAY,	7 29	4 35	9 5	10 52
29 THURSDAY,	7 29	4 36	10 5	morn.
30 FRIDAY,	7 29	4 37	11 6	11 32

Full Moon, 8th day, 10th hour 39m. morn.

Marine Intelligence.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, Dec 17.—Schrs Niagara, Donover, Poughkeepsie for Prov; Valhalla, Davis, Providence for Elizabethport; John Perkins, Castine for Mystic; Julia Elizabeth, Merrill, N York for Boston; Mars, Hill, from Bangor.

TUESDAY, Dec 20.—Bark Acorn, Nickerson, of Provincetown, from a whaling cruise. In distress and leaking—both pumps going.

Brig Caroline, Wass, Phil for Portland.

Schrs E L Hammond, Hammond, Chatham for N York; W P Williams, Smith, F River for Phil; Jalota, Lovell, from Dighton; Sarah Elizabeth, Hutchinson, Prov for Oyster Bay.

THURSDAY, Dec 22—Schr Henry Casttoff, Howard, from Havana. Has experienced very heavy weather during the passage; lost jibboom, foretopmast, split sails, &c.

Brig Helen Mar, Card, fm Windsor, NS, for New York.

Memoranda.

Spoken Nov 18, lat 3 10 N, lon 29 28, ship Henry Brigham, Potter, from New York Oct 22 for San Francisco.

At Shanghae Oct 5, ship Horatio, Palmer, unc.

At Hong Kong Oct 12, ship Kitty Simpson, Canfield, unc.

Arr at Wilmington, N C, 12th, bark Saranac, Bigley, from Havana.

At Cardenas 10th, bark Martha Anna, Burgess, to sail 15th for this port.

Cld at Philadelphia 21st, brig Gov Bull, Arthur, for Havana.

Arr at Havana 11th, brig John Pierce, Melvill, from Havana. Sld 12th, schrs Fanny Fern, Briggs, for Mobile; Chase, ——, for N York

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Court of Probate, Newport, Dec. 12, 1859.

UPON the petition of John D. Northam, acting executor of the last will and testament of *STEPHEN T. NORTHAM* late of said city deceased, representing that among the assetts in his hands, belonging to the estate, of said Stephen T. Northam, there is a note of five thousand dollars, with interest, signed by Wm. L. Northam, dated July 1855, secured by mortgage on an estate in California, and praying that he may be authorized and empowered by this Court to sell the same at public auction, for the purpose of closing up the said estate, by a division of the assetts in his hands to the several devisees or legatees. The same is received and is referred to Monday, the 9th day of January next, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the Council Chamber, in the City Hall in Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

Dec 24 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

Court of Probate, Newport, Dec 19, 1859.

EDWARD LANDERS, executor of the will of *JOHN BARBER,* late of Newport, Tailor, deceased, presents his account on said estate for allowance, and for an order of distribution from the balance of estate in his hands, to the creditors whose claims have been allowed by the Commissioners on said estate and the residue according to the will; and the same is received and is referred to Monday, the 9th day of January next, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Council Chamber, in the City Hall, in Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury*

Dec 24 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

Court of Probate, Newport, Dec. 19, 1859.

JOHN D. NORTHAM, administrator on the estate of *LAURA SHERMAN,* late of said city, single woman deceased, presents his administration account on her estate for allowance, and for an order of distribution to the creditors of said estate, whose claims are allowed by the Commissioners on said estate, which account contains a credit for the proceeds of the sale of the real estate of said deceased, sold by the administrator, under a decree of this court; and the same is received and is referred to Monday, the 9th day of January next, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Council Chamber, in the City Hall, in said city, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

Dec 24 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

NOTICE.

THE ELECTORS of this City, without regard to past political differences, who are opposed to the present Federal Administration, are requested to meet at the State House, on Tuesday, December 27th, at 7 o'clock p. m., to chose delegates to attend the State Convention, to be holden in Providence, on Wednesday, January 4th, 1860.

Per order of Chairman of American Republican and Republican Committees. Dec 24.

City Clerk's Office, Newport, Dec. 23, 1859.

PERSONS not registered, who wish to vote in 1860, and are qualified by birth, and who are, or will be within a year, qualified by age and residence to vote in this city, are notified to register their names in this office, on or before the last day of this month.

Dec 24 B. B. HOWLAND, City Cl'k.

TAKEN BY MISTAKE,

FROM HERCULES HALL, on Thursday night at the festival of Hercules Engine Co., a Cashmere Shawl, with small centre, mostly border. Whoever may have the same will please return it and take the one left in its place, to

Dec 24 ARNOLD L. BURDICK, Cl'k.

Neck Ties—A large assortment of Neck Ties, Scarfs and Cravats, at

Dec 24 LANGLEY & NORMAN'S.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"THE HILL GROCERY."

THE SUBSCRIBER having taken the store corner of Touro and Catharine streets, has a good assortment of

GROCERIES,

which have just been purchased in New York, at terms which will enable him to sell at the lowest market prices.

The idea of establishing a grocery in this section of the city, may be considered but an experiment, but he is in hopes that his efforts will enable him to make it an establishment worthy the patronage of all.

Also in store a good variety of Confectionary, Fruits, &c. &c.

Dec 24—tf. W. H. FLUDDER.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of

S. SWINBURNE & CO.

was dissolved on the 14th inst. All persons having claims against the firm are desired to present them and those indebted will make immediate payment to

SETH SWINBURNE,

who is alone authorized to settle accounts.

The subscriber is now prepared to supply all demands for Groceries, and takes this opportunity to return his thanks for the patronage heretofore extended and hopes, by strict attention to business and being satisfied with a small profit, to merit continuance of the same.

Dec 24—tf SETH SWINBURNE.

Farm Stock at Auction.

Will be sold at Public Auction, on Tuesday next, Dec. 27, at 10 1-2 o'clock, if fair, if not, the next fair day, at the Coddington Point Farm,

ALL THE STOCK on said Farm, consisting of 70 Sheep, some of which are South Down; 4 good Working Oxen; one Stack of good Hay, 5 Stacks of Corn Fodder, one Stack of Straw, a lot of Fowls, 100 bushels Corn, 2 Ox Carts, 1 Wagon, Yokes, Plows and other farming utensils. Conditions at sale.

Dec 24 F. STANHOPE, Auct'r.

Administratrix Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed and duly qualified by the Court of Probate of the city of Newport, administratrix on the estate of

JOSEPH P. BABCOCK,

late of Newport, deceased, requests all persons having demands against his estate, to present the same and all indebted to make immediate payment to her.

Dec 24 ALICE R. BABCOCK.

Executor's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED, has been appointed and duly qualified by the Hon. Court of Probate, of the town of Middletown, Executor on the estate of

LYDIA PECKHAM,

late of said Middletown widow, deceased, and requests all persons having demands to present them, and those indebted to make immediate payment to

ABRAHAM PECKHAM,
Dec 24 Executor.

Newport Bank.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Newport Bank, for the election of officers for the year ensuing, will be held at the Banking Room Wednesday, January 4th, 1860, at 3 o'clock p. m.

A Semi-annual dividend has been declared payable on and after Monday, January 2d, 1860.

Per order,
Dec 24 H. C. STEVENS, Cashier.

Traders' Bank.

A SEMI-ANNUAL Dividend will be paid to the Stockholders of this institution on and after Tuesday, January 3, 1860.

BENJ. MUMFORD,
Dec 24—3w Cashier.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED disposed of his interest in the Perry Manufacturing Company, July 1st, 1859, consequently his partnership with said Company ceased on that day.

GEO. B. KNOWLES,
per W. H. KNOWLES, Attorney.
Dec 24.—6w

NOTICE

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully give notice to his customers that their accounts will be forwarded for settlement as *usual,* on Tuesday, January 3d, 1860. All persons having bills are requested to present them for payment.

Dec 24 T. MUMFORD SEABURY.

FLOUR.

JUST RECEIVED—50 Barrels Flour in halves, of the 2.40 brand. Also 100 barrels Double Extra, for sale at

LAWTON'S 32 Bridge Street.

N. B. All Flour sold at 32 Bridge street, warranted to be good or the money refunded.

Dec 24 B. I. LAWTON.

Last sales of Toys and Fancy Goods for Ladies.

Will be sold at Public Auction, THIS DAY at 2 1-2 o'clock, at No. 6 Broad street,

THE BALANCE of Toys and Fancy Goods in said store. Also Auction sales this evening, at 6 1-2 o'clock. Goods at private sale at Auction prices.

Dec 24 F. STANHOPE, Auct'r.

Auction.

Will be sold at Auction on TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, Dec. 27th, 29th and 31st, at No. 6 Broad street,

CROCKERY, Glass and China Ware, Fancy Goods, Porte Monaies, Jewelry and a large variety of other articles. Conditions at sale.

Sales to commence at 6 1-2 o'clock..

Dec 24 F. STANHOPE, Auctr.

SHIRT FRONTS—Every variety, Linen and Cotton Shirt Bosoms, at

CLARKE & DENHAM'S
Dec 24 150 Thames street.

COUNTERPANES, at

CLARKE & DENHAM'S,
Dec 24 150 Thames street.

LOOK At CLARKE & DENHAM'S Bay State Shawls,

Dec 24 150 Thames street.

COTTON WADDING, at

CLARKE & DENHAM'S
Dec 24 150 Thames street.

LYKENS VALLEY COAL.—A full cargo of the original and only reliable Lykens Valley Coal, just landed and under cove, at

WILLIAMS'
Dec 24 Opposite foot of Denison st.

SCRANTON COAL.—Stove, Egg and Furnace sizes, at

WILLIAMS',
Dec 24 Opposite foot of Denison st.

LORBERRY COAL.

The Delight of all Housekeepers and the best Coal in the market for domestic use—everybody likes it, give it a trial; for sale at

CHAS. WILLIAMS,
Dec 24 William's Wharf, foot of Denison st.

GENTS GLOVES—Beaver, Buck, Calf, Kid and Woolen Gloves, at

Dec 24 LANGLEY & NORMAN'S

New Books for CHRISTMAS.

—For sale by—

C. E. HAMMETT, Jr.

The Boy Tars, or a Voyage in the Dark, by Mayne Reid,

The King of the Golden River, or the Black Brothers, a legend of Stiria, by John Ruskin,

Stories of Rainbow and Lucky, by Jacob Abbott,

Florence and John, by Jacob Abbott,

Martha's Hooks & Eyes,

The Percy Family, Tour through Scotland and England,

Evenings at Haddon Hall, a series of tales of the olden time,

Grimm's Household Stories, from the German, 240 illustrations,

The Children's Picture Book of country scenes,

The Children's Picture Table Book,

Montgomery's Poems, illustrated edition,

N. P. Willis Pocket Works "

Raynard the Fox, "

Thompson's Seasons, "

Dana's Household Book of Poetry,

Gray's Elgy, Deserted Village, Eve of St. Agnes, Dairyman's Daughter, finely illustrated,

Albums, Autograph Books, Prayer Books, and Bibles in fine bindings,

Stereoscopic Views, of Niagara Falls, New York, Egypt, and Nubia, Skeleton Leaves, Groups, European scenes in Paris, on the Rhine, &c.

Stereoscopes holding from 1 to 350 views,

The tipsy Philosophers, or words bewitched a new game. Dec 24

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Blackwood's Magazine and British Reviews.

L. SCOTT & CO., New York, continue to publish the following leading British periodicals, viz:

1 THE LONDON QUARTERLY (CONSERVATIVE.)
2 THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (WHIG)
3 THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (FREE CHURCH)
4 THE WESTMINISTER REVIEW (Liberal.)
5 BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE (Tory)

These periodicals ably represent the three great political parties of Great Britain—Whig, Tory and Radical—but politics forms only one feature of their character. As organs of the most profound writers on Science, Literature, Morality and Religion, they stand, as they ever have stood, unrivalled in the world of letters, being considered indispensible to the scholar and the professional man, while to the intelligent reader of every class they furnish a more correct and satisfactory record of the current literature of the day, throughout the world, than can be possibly obtained from any other source.

EARLY COPIES.

The receipt of ADVANCE SHEETS from the British publishers, gives additional value to these Reprints, inasmuch as they can now be placed in the hands of subscribers about as soon as the original editions.

TERMS.

	Per ann.
For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 00
For any two of the four Reviews,	5 00
For any three of the four Reviews,	7 00
For all four of the Reviews,	8 00
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 00
For Blackwood and one Review,	5 00
For Blackwood and two Reviews,	7 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews,	9 00
For Blackwood and four Reviews	10 00

Money current in the State where issued, will be received at par.

CLUBBING.

A discount of twenty-five per cent. from the above prices will be allowed to CLUBS ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: Four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for $9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for $30 and so on.

POSTAGE.

In all the principal cities and towns these works will be delivered FREE OF POSTAGE. When sent by mail, the POSTAGE to any part of the United States will be but TWENTY-FOUR CENTS a year for "Blackwood" and but FOURTEEN CENTS a year for each of the Reviews.

N. B.—The price in Great Britain of the five periodicals above named is $31 per annum.

Remittances for any of the above publications should always be addressed, post paid, to the publishers,

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
Dec 24—3w No. 54 Gold Street, N. Y.

Christmas at 130 Thames Street.

NOW IS THE TIME and here is the place to buy suitable presents. New Cash Store, Standard Works suitable for presents:—Shakspear's complete works, 8 vo., Antique, gilt 1vol; Shakspeare's complete works, 12 mo., lib. style, 8vols; Shakespear's Plays, 18 mo. blue and gold, 8 vols.; Strickland's Queens of England, 7 vols., library style; Addison's Works, 6 vols., 12 mo. library; Dean Swift's Works, 2 vols., 12 mo. library; Leigh Hunt's Works, 4 vols., 12 mo. library; Fielding's Works, 4 vols., 12 mo. library; Hugh Miller's Works, 7 vols., 12 mo. library; Bayard Taylor's Works, 7 vols. 12 mo. library; Blue and Gold, Longfellow's Poems; do. do. Poe's Poems; do. do. Longfellow's Prose; do. do. Browning's Poems; do. do. Tennyson's Poems; do. do. Percival's Poems; do. do. Lovel's Poems. Also Diaries, Portfolios, Ink Stands, Glass Vases, Work Boxes, Fancy paper Boxes, Toy Bureaus, Block Alphabets, Games, Chess, Chess Boards, &c. &c. This stock is new, purchased low, and will be sold low. Stereoscopes and Views of every style.

A. J. WARD, Agent,
Dec 24 130 Thames st.

"THE STATES."

WM. H. SMITH'S

Patent Coal and Gas-Consuming Stove,

THIS STOVE is now in the market and as fast as they are received from the Foundry will be supplied to those who have engaged them.

This is one of the most perfect gas-consuming and economical coal burning stoves yet invented.

The ash pit is in the base—there is a flue extending completely around the base and in front of the ash pit, making the stove, including the base, one complete circulating hot air chamber.

We, the undersigned, consider William H. Smith's Coal and Gas-consuming Stove, to be the most economical and perfect stove we have ever seen:

Hon. W. J. Swinburne, Wm. Mason,
C. E. Hammett, Jr., Augustus Goffe,
Robert Sherman, Philip Caswell, jr.,
Erastus P. Allan, John Caswell,
Henry H. Young.

WILLIAM BROWNELL, opposite the Rhode Island Union Bank will receive orders for the same and attend to their delivery.

Dec 17—tf

Bank of Rhode Island.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Bank of Rhode Island, are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting for the election of directors will be held at the bank, on Monday, Jan. 2, 1860, at 11 o'clock A. M.

A semiannual dividend will be paid on and after Jan. 2, 1860.

W. A. CLARKE,
Dec 17 Cashier.

N. E. Commercial Bank.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the New England Commercial Bank are notified that their Annual Meeting for the election of Directors, will be holden at the Bank on Tuesday, the third day of January, 1860, at three o'clock p. m.

Dec 17 G. T. WEAVER, Cashier.

Rhode Island Union Bank.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Rhode Island Union Bank, will be held at their Banking Room on Tuesday, the 3d January, 1860, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the election of Directors and for transacting any other business that may legally come before them.

A dividend has been declared payable on and after January 3, 1860.

Dec 17 R. P. LEE, Cashier.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has removed to his new store, (two doors South of his former location) where he is prepared to furnish his customers with a fresh lot of

GROCERIES,

just received from New York, His assortment contains all kinds of Teas, Svgar, Molasses, Flour, Coffee, &c., &c., which will be sold at very low prices.

Dec 12 ROBERT H. STANTON.

DR. SWEET'S

INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, for the speedy and permanent cure of Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Neuralgia, Stiffness of the joints and lumbago. This Liniment is prepared from the reciepe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great natural bone setter, whose name and fame have been as familiar as household words througnout the United States for nearly forty years. For sale by

R. J. TAYLOR,
July 16 104 Thames street.

A Splendid Number, Peterson's Magazine for January, 1860. It contains 96 pages, 4 steel plates, 45 articles, and 80 embellishments.—Price only $2 per year—subscriptions received at

Dec 17 TILLEY'S.

Helper's Impending Crisis, a live book, 50,000 copies have been sold. This is the work that is creating so much excitement in Congress. Price 50 cents; for sale at

Dec 17 TILLEY'S.

Magazines for January, 1860.—Godey's, Peterson's and Ballou's Dollar Magazine for January, for sale at

Dec 17 TILLEY'S.

WINTER CLOTHING just received and will be sold low for cash—you can buy a good Overcoat from $4 to $16 or an under Coat from $3 to 10. Bay Overcoats from $2,25 to 10, at

Dec 17 J. H. COZZENS'.

ALMANACS FOR 1860—Old Farmers, Rhode Island, Daboll's, and a variety of Comic Almanacs for sale at

Dec 17 TILLEY'S

Come again—Now ready and for sale at TILLEY'S News Depot, that annual visitor, the Pictorial Brother Jonathan for the Holidays—price 12 cents. Dec 10

PERSONS WISHING TO CHANGE their business to a rapidly increasing country, a new settlement where hundreds are going. Where the climate is mild and delightful. See the advertisement of Hammonton Settlement.

STOVES.

CALL AT J. B. LANGLEY, Jr. & CO'S and examine their stock of Heating and Cooking Stoves, &c., &c. Nov 19.

BUFFALO SKINS—15 now on hand, will be sold low, say from $4 to $8.

Dec 17 J. H. COZZEN'S.

BRICK—50,000 North River Brick now landed and for sale cheap, to close a consignment, at

Oct 15 HAMMETT'S Lumber Yard.

MISCELLANEOUS.

December 10th, 1859.

RECENT ADDITIONS TO

James Hammond's

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

Consisting of over 10,000 volumes

4319	Shelly Memorials, from authentic sources, by Lady Shelly,	1
4320	Minister's Wooing, by Harriet Beecher Stowe,	1
4321	Adventures of Mr. Verdant Green, by Cuthbert Bede,	1
4322	Mary Staunton, or The Pupils of Marvel Hall, by the author of Portraits of My Married Friends,	1
4323	Lizzy Glenn, or Trials of a Seamstress, by T. S Arthur,	1
4324	Loss and Gain, or Margaret's Home, by Alice B. Haven,	1
237	Mary Lee, by Kate Livermore,	1
238	Boy's own Toy-maker,	1
239	Round the Fire, six stories and Old Gingerbread,	1
4325	Harry Lee, or Hope for the Poor,	1
4326	Life in Tuscany, by Mabel S. Crawford,	1
4327	Our Pastor's Visits, by the author of The Christian Year Book,	1
240	The Better Way, or What do I live for, by Miss Randall Ballantyne,	1
241	English Boy in Japan, or the Perils and adventures of Mark Raffles, among Princes, and Priests and People of that singular Empire, by Wm. Dalton, with illustrations,	1
6205	Annual Report of the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, showing the operations, expenditures and condition of the Institution for the year 1858,	1
242	Edith the Backwoods Girl, by Mrs. Tuthill	1
6206	Virginians, a tale of the last century, by Wm. M. Thackeray,	1
4328	The Queen of Hearts, by Wilkie Collins, author of The Dead Secret,	1
243	Hard Maple, by the author of Mr. Ruthford's Children, Wide Wide World &c.,	1
4329	The Simplicity of Christ's Teachings, set forth in sermons, by Rev. Chas. T. Brooks,	1
5870	Harper's Magazine for December,	1
5938	Godey's Magazine for "	
6200	The Atlantic Monthly for "	

Gold's Patent Low Pressure Self-Regulating Steam Heating Apparatus,

AS MANUFACTURED by the Rhode Island Steam Heating Company, Pawtucket, R. I.

This method of warming both private and public buildings, as has been proved by actual experience for the last four years, is the Cheapest, Safest, most Pleasant and Healthful of any known method It leaves the rooms heated in this manner entirely free from the gases, dust, smoke, &c., &c., which are continually arising from Stoves and Hot Air Furnaces. The heat produced is sufficient to warm a cold building in the coldest of weather, and is also mild, pleasant and agreeable, having the softness of summer air; and to the consumptive and invalid it is invaluable.

This Apparatus can be put into buildings in process of erection or those already built.

We shall endeavor in all cases to put up the Apparatus in a style not only meritorious to ourselves, but to the satisfaction of our customers.

All communications addressed to this Company at Pawtucket, R. I., will receive the immediate attention of the Agent in person, who will be pleased at all times to explain the principles and workings of the Apparatus.

Refers to Wm G. Peckham, D. W. Holloway, Wm. J. Swinburne, Geo. H. Wilson.

WM. R. WALKER, Agent,
Nov 26—2m. Pawtucket, R. I.

FRESH GROCERIES.

WILLIAM NEWTON & CO.

Offer for sale the following stock of Choice and Fresh

GROCERIES,

Just received per sloop Willard and other arrivals.

200 Barrels Flour of the best brands,
50 Bags Buckwheat,
20 Barrels Cut Loaf Sugar,
30 Boxes Brown Havana Sugar,
100 Barrels Refined Sugars,
25 Bags Rio and Laguira Coffee,
25 Pockets Java "
75 Packages Black and Green Teas,
25 Boxes Ground Spices, &c., &c., &c.,

Nov 5, 1859.

To Rent for a term of years.

THE BRISTOL FERRY HOTEL and Farm in Portsmouth, R. I. The hotel is arranged for about one hundred boarders. There is on the premises large stables, carriage houses, ice houses, nine-pin alleys, blacksmith's shop, bathing houses, &c., all in excellent order. The Farm contains over forty acres of good land, with plenty of sea-weed from the shore.

This place is one of the most delightful on Narragansett Bay, easy of access, steamers touching at the wharf, several times daily. For boating, fishing and bathing, it is unrivalled.

To a competent and reliable tenant, the rent will be moderate. Apply to

Dec 10 ALFRED SMITH.

NOTICE.

A TAX was assessed, in January last, by order of the Corporation on the following pews in the Second Baptist Meeting House, which tax is due and payable to the undersigned, viz:

Letter B. Also Nos. 101, 85, 34, 19, 62 and half of No. 25, on the lower floor, and Nos. 8 and 11 in the West gallery.

Proprietors are notified that if the tax on the above named pews is not paid previous to the 24th Dec. 1859, they will on that day, at 10 o'clock a. m., be sold at Public Auction, in accordance with the provisions of the Charter.

JOHN T. TILLEY,
Dec 10 Treasurer.

More Valuable than Gold.

DR. WADSWORTH'S DRY UP FOR THE CATARRH.

A newly discovered, perfect and speedy cure for this loathsome disease, in its worst form. In every case of Catarrh, severe or light, the disease should be removed as soon as possible for it gives rise to hoarseness; soreness in the windpipe, dry cough, chronic inflamation of the lungs, dizziness, dull pain in the head with a sensation of weight over the eyes, loss of the sense of smelling and tasting, and various neuralgic affections. There is not any mistake about the above remedy and it may be had at the sign of the Great Mortar, No. 51 North Main street, Providence, R. I. of the subscriber, General Agent for the United States and the Canadas.

H. H. BURRINGTON, Chemist and Druggist,

H. H. YOUNG, Cor Parade and Thames street, Agent for Newport. Also for sale by Caswell Mack & Co. Dec 19

The Star of the North,

WILL GIVE MORE HEAT with a certain amount of coal than any other Stove.

The Star of the North,

Is the original Smoke and Gas-burner, and is the only one which perfectly consumes both.

The Star of the North,

Is for sale with a large assortment of

Cooking and Parlor Stoves,

Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, &c. &c. by

Nov 19 J. B. LANGLEY, Jr, & CO.

CARPETINGS

LAWTON BROTHERS, 74 Thames street, invite particular attention to their very large assortment of

Ingrain Carpetings,
Floor Oil Cloths,
Canton Mattings,
English Blankets,
Sheetings, Towelings,

and all other Housekeeping articles. Carpets made and put down in the very best manner and at short notice. May 14.

ASTONISHING

THAT GREENE can take *Old* Hats and make them look as well as *New!*—Wal, he kin.

Ladies, if you have any *old* Beaver or Felt Misses or boys Hats, you can have them pressed in the most fashionable styles, at the City Bleachery, 18 Broad street at short notice.

Three styles new Pattern Hats just received

Nov 19 F. H. GREENE.

MAGAZINES—Persons by renewing their subscriptions for Godey's, Harper's, Atlantic, Blackwood's and Knickerbocker Magazines, at the City Music Store, can obtain an excellent engraving of either Washington or Everett, free.

Dec 17 T. W. WOOD.

ANOTHER INVOICE of

GREAT EASTERN CAPS

This day received, by

THOMAS J. WEAVER,
Oct 22 149 Thames street.

WESTERN LUMBER.—A full assortment of all lengths, Western Boards and Planks, constantly on hand and receiving, for sale at the lowest prices, at

HAMMETT'S Lumber Yard,
Oct 15 231 Thames street.

Sweet Potatoes—Fresh at

R. WILSON'S
Nov 26 79 Thames street.

DRY GOODS.

Blankets and Comfortables.—A large assortment of Blankets of every variety, some very cheap. Also Comfortables at different prices, at

Dec 10 WM. C. COZZENS & CO'S.

A LOT OF LOW PRICED Balmorals, Quilted, and Knit Worsted Skirts, at

Dec 10 WM. C. COZZENS & CO.'S.

A LARGE LOT of men and boys Knit Yarn Socks, Stockings, Mittens, &c., also fancy knit Leggings, Mittens, Comforters, &c., for small children, at

Dec 10 WM. C. COZZENS & CO'S.

OUR LARGE ASSORTMENT of Cloaks is constantly being added to, also our Cloths and Trimmings, Fringes, Tassels &c., from which we can make a cloak to suit in fancy or price, at short notice.

Dec 10 WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

Black Flannel for Skirts and Cloak Trimmings, at

CHAS. W. TURNER'S,
Dec 3 126 Thames street.

POMPONETTE TRIMMINGS at

CHAS. W. TURNER'S.
Dec 3 126 Thames st.

LARGE SILK CORDS for dress trimmings, for sale at

Dec 3 C. W. TURNER'S.

EXTRA SIZE Ribbed Woolen Shirts and Drawers, at 126 Thames street.

Dec 3 C. W. TURNER.

LADIES' CLOAKS of new patterns opening at

J. H. HAMMETT'S
Nov 19 98 Thames street.

CLOTH FOR LADIES' CLOAKS.—plain and ribbed Beaver Cloths, German Broadcloths at

J. H. HAMMETT'S,
Nov 19 98 Thames street.

CASSIMERES, Doeskins and Satinetts for men and boys wear at

J. H. HAMMETT'S,
Nov 19 98 Thames street.

GLOVES AND HOSIERY.—a great variety at J. H. HAMMETT'S,

Nov 19 98 Thames street.

THE GREAT BENEFACTOR

—OF THE—

HOUSEHOLD!

STEWART'S

FUEL-SAVING AND COMFORT-PRODUCING

COOKING STOVE

For Wood and Anthracite or Bituminous Coal. With or without Hot Water Reservoir and Warming Closet.

IMPROVED IN 1859 WITH NEW AND EXTRA LARGE FLUES.

The Stewart Stove is the only true Economist among Cooking Stoves. It operates to perfection with Bituminous Coal and will pay for itself in saving of fuel every three years.

The Stewart Stove does all sorts of cooking at the same time and also gives you plenty of hot water and a warming closet without cost and combines the entire knowledge of a veteran inventor of twenty-five years' experience. It bakes perfectly on top and in oven, and roasts in front all at the same time.

The Stewart Stove will last for twenty years. Many are now in use that were purchased fifteen and twenty years ago. Although costing more at first, it is in the end, cheaper than any common stove. It is the article suited to every family; it will aid in promoting luxury with economy—While it will be found an invaluable servant in the houses of the wealthy it will also prove a good Samaritan in securing comfort and happiness to the families of the poor. To those in moderate circumstances, it makes itself indispensible by its labor-saving and economical qualities.

The Stewart Stove is warranted for three months, and may then be returned at my expense—so you run no kind of risk in trying it.

Agent for Newport, W. H. BLISS.
Oct. 1

FALL AND WINTER STYLES

OF

HATS AND CAPS,

AT

Thomas J. Weaver's,

CONSISTING in part of GREAT EASTERN, GARIBALDI, BLONDIN,

and a variety of other styles of Caps. Also, a large assortment of Youths and Infants fancy Hats and Caps, together with a large lot of

SOFT FELT HATS,

of the latest styles. Call soon and secure a prize, at

Oct. 22 149 Thames street.

Notice to Farmers.

BENJ. MARSH, respectfully gives notice to the above named customers and others, that his Fall stock of heavy work is now in store and he is prepared to furnish the most substantial articles, such as gentlemen's Double Calf, waterproof Boots, Black grain do. Also very heavy double sole Cow Hide, to fit both men and boys, together with a great variety of mens' and boys' Calf, Kip and Cowhide brogans. Also, a large stock of Rubber Boots and Shoes of the best manufacture.

Whoever values health and comfort, will do well to call at 110 Thames street, where every attention will be given to please and fit all who are in want, either for cash or approved credit.

Sept 24—tjl

CONSUMPTION

AND

ASTHMA CURED.

DR. H. JAMES, discovered, while in the East Indies, a certain cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and General debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die. His child was cured, and is now alive and well. Desirous of benefitting his fellow mortals, he will send to those who wish it, the receipe containing full directions for making and successfully using this remedy, free, on receipt of their names with stamp for return postage. There is not a single symptom of consumption that it does not at once take hold of and dissipate. Night sweats, peevishness, irritation of the nerves, failure of memory, difficult expectoration, sharp pains in the lungs, sore throat, chilly sensations, nausea at the stomach, inaction of the bowels, wasting away of the muscles. Address O. P. BROWN & CO.

Dec 3—6m 32 and 34 John Street, New York.

1859. *Winter Arrangement.* 1859.

PROVIDENCE AND NEWPORT.

On and after Monday, Dec. 12th, the steamer PERRY, Capt. N. B. ALLEN, will leave Newport daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a. m., returning, will leave Providence at 2 p. m., connecting at Providence with the 10 40 train for Boston and arrive in Boston at 12 30. Also connecting with the Worcester and Western trains which leave Providence at 11 45. Passengers from Boston for Newport, via, Providence, should take the 11 10 train.

Fare to Providence, 75 cents; Children half price.

To Boston, $2 00. Dec 10.

PATTERN HATS.

JUST RECEIVED at 18 Broad street, the latest and most beautiful styles of Pattern Hats. Also Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, &c. He has on hand the best selected stock of Velvet Flowers ever before opened in this city, among which are Purple Pansies, Orange and Brown do., all Velvet; Purple, Orange, Green, Blue and Black Velvet Violets, do. Piquits, good size bunch black Feathers for sale at 68 cents per bunch—usual price, $1

Nov 19 F. H. GREENE,

Clocks Repaired.

HAVING REMOVED from Broad street, to ***No. 6 MARY Street,*** my greatly increased facilities, constant and full supply of clock fixtures, and my undivided attention to clocks of every variety, enables me to give pefect satisfaction to all.

Nov 12—6m* IRA STILLMAN.

TO LET.

A TENEMENT in the Moravian House, in Church street.

Apply to

B. H. STEVENS
Oct 29 26 1-2 Thames street.

NARROW BLACK VELVET RIBBONS for sale at 18 Broad street at the following prices by the piece:—38, 42 and 50 cents per piece—usual price, 50, 68 and 75 cents per piece.

Nov 19 F. H. GREENE.

Kerosene Lamps and Oil

FOR A FEW WEEKS at HAMMOND'S Block, Thames street. The best article of Oil, also Lamps fitted with the improved burners *at the lowest prices.* Nov 26

TO LET.

PEW No. 51, in the North Baptist Meeting House, a good location. Apply to

Nov 26 WM. B. SWAN.

CLAPBOARDS—Eastern and Western of the best qualities, at

HAMMETT'S Lumber Yard,
Aug 6 231 Thames street.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, Dec. 5, 1859.

APPLICATION is made by W. E. Dennis, one of the heirs at law of *MARY D. DOWLING,* late of Newport, widow, deceased, stating that she left property in said Newport, and that her nearest of kin have neglected to take out letters of administration on her estate for more than thirty days since her death, and he prays that Seth W. Macy or some other suitable person, may be appointed administrator on the estate of said Mary D. Dowling; and the same is received and is referred to Monday, the 26th day of December, inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Council Chamber in the City Hall, in Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published, for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

Dec 10 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

Court of Probate, Newport, December 5, 1859.

CLARK BURDICK, administrator on the estate of *MARY E. NEWCOMB,* late of Newport, single woman deceased, presents his first and final account on her estate for allowance; and the same is received and is referred to Monday, the 26th day of December inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Council Chamber, in the City Hall for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

Dec 10 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

Court of Probate, Newport, December 12, 1859.

UPON the petition in writing of Augustus P. Sherman, Anne Waite and Hannah Waite, the executor and executrix's named in an instrument in writing, presented therewith, as the last will and testament of *BERIAH WAITE,* late of said Newport, deceased, for Probate and for letters testamentary to issue thereon, to said Augustus P. Sherman, the said executrix's therein declining the trust; the same is received and is referred to Monday, the 2d day of January next, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Council Chamber in the City Hall, in Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

Dec 17 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob Cl'k.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, Dec. 12, 1859.

SAMUEL ENGS, administrator on the estate of *JOHN GLADDING,* late of said Newport, boat builder, deceased, presents his first administration account on the estate of said deceased for allowance and for an order of distribution of the estate in the hands of the administrator to the creditors of said estate whose claims have been allowed by the commissioners thereon, which account contains a credit for proceeds of the real estate of said John Gladding, sold by the administrator; the same is received and is referred to Monday, the 2d day of January next, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Council Chamber, in the City Hall, in Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

Dec 17 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, Dec 12, 1859.

THOMAS S. HOWARD, administrator on the estate of *JOHN HOWARD,* late of Newport, deceased, presents his final administration account on the estate of said deceased for allowance; the same is received and is referred to Monday, the 2d day of January next, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Council Chamber, in the City Hall, in Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury,*

Dec 17 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

Court of Probate, Newport, Dec. 12, 1859

SETH W. MACY, administrator on the estate of *JOSEPH WEAVER,* late of Newport, hatter, deceased, presents his second administration account on the estate of said deceased, for allowance; the same is received and is referred to Monday the 2d day of January next, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Council Chamber, in the City Hall in Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

Dec 17 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

Guardian's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed and duly qualified as guardian on the person an estate of *ANN G. NORTHAM,* of the City of Newport, a person of full age, hereby calls upon all persons having claims against said estate, to present them within six months from November 14, 1859, and those indebted to make immediate payment to

SETH W. MACY,
Nov 19—6w Guardian.

Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having been appointed and duly qualified by the Court of Probate of the city of Newport, administrator on the estate of *SETH W. CHASE,* late of Newport, deceased, requests all persons having demands against his estate, to present the same, and all indebted to make immediate payment to him.

ABRAHAM T. PECKHAM
Dec 10—3w Administrator.

THE ONLY ARTICLE

UNRIVALLED IN MARKET

WITH IMMENSE

HOME AND EUROPEAN

DEMAND.

The reason why, is that by nature's own process it restores the natural color permanently after the hair becomes gray; supplies the natural fluids and thus makes it grow on bald heads, removes all dandruff, itching and heat from the scalp, quiets and tones up the nerves and thus cures all nervous headache and may be relied upon to cure all diseases of the scalp and hair; it will stop and keep it from falling off; makes it soft, glossy, healthy and beautiful, and if used by the young two or three times a week, it will never fall off or become gray; then reader, read the following and judge for yourselves:

New York, Jan. 8, 1858.

Messrs. O. J. Wood & Co.,

Gentlemen: Having heard a good deal about Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, and my hair being quite gray, I made up my mind to lay aside the prejudices which I in common with a great many persons, had against all manner of patent medicines, and a short time ago I commenced using your article, to test it for myself.

The result has been so very satisfactory that I am very glad I did so, and in justice to you as well as for the encouragement of others who may be as gray as I was, but who having my prejudice without my reasons for setting it aside, are unwilling to give your Restorative a trial till they have further proof, and the best proof being occular demonstration, I write you this letter, which you may show to any such, and also direct them to me for further proof who am in and out of the N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment every day.

My hair is now its natural color and much improved in appearance every way, being glossier and thicker and much more healthy looking I am, Yours Respectfully,

HENRY JENKINS, Cor. Columbia & Carrol sts., Brooklyn.

Livingston, Ala., Feb. 14, 1858.

PROF WOOD—Dear sir: Your Hair Restorative has done much good in this part of the country. My hair has been slightly diminishing for several years, caused, I suppose, from a slight burn when I was quite an infant. I have been using your Hair Restorative for six weeks, and I find that I have a fine head of hair now growing, after having used all other remedies known to no effect. I think it the most valuable remedy now extant, and advise all who are afflicted that way to use your remedy.

You can publish this if you think proper,

Yours, &c., S. W. MIDDLETON.

Philadelphia, Sept. 9, 1857.

Prof. WOOD—Dear sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—was in fact bald. I have used but two half pint bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studed with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation, I can induce many others to try it. Yours Respectfully,

D. R. THOMAS, M. D., No. 464 Vine Street.

The Restorative is put up in Bottles of 3 sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds 1-2 a pint, and retails for one dollar a bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars a bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent more in proportion retails for $3 a bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment), and 114 Market St., St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Sept 24 1859—8m

Carpet Ware Rooms.

WM. C. COZZENS & CO. have received within the last few days a very large and varied stock of rich Brussels, Brussels Tapestry, 3 Ply and Ingrain carpets, really handsome and cheap. Also stair Carpets and Oil Cloths of all widths and prices. Customers in want of carpets will find this a very favorable time to purchase, our stock being very large and well selected.—Among them are Tapestries at one dollar a yard.

REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER has removed his Market from the North side of Washington Square to the South side, where he hopes to receive the continued calls of his friends, who have so kindly extended their patronage to him in the past. He will keep his market well supplied with all kinds of Meats and Vegetables, which will be sold at the most reasonable rates.

Dec 3—tf WM. H. SHERMAN.

DR. MATTISON'S
REMEDIAL INSTITUTE
For the treatment of
SPECIAL DISEASES,
No. 28 Union Street, Prov. R. I.

☞ *Circulars giving full information with references, testimonials, &c., sent by mail. Also a pamphlet on Diseases of Women with observations on Private and Chronic Maladies generally, sent free* by enclosing a stamp to Dr. H. N. MATTISON as above.

ALL who have any serious or troublesome disease will very naturally seek advice somewhere, and this leads me to say a few words on the *choice of a physician*. And first, *let all quacks, imposters and humbugs alone*. If you have an intelligent physician in your own city, apply to him immediately, and follow his directions explicitly, and for a sufficient length of time, and he will probably cure you; if not then apply to one who makes your disease a *speciality*, for no physician in general practice, no matter how eminent, can treat a particular disease, or class of diseases, as successfully as one of the same ability who devotes his whole attention to them. Educated physicians hitherto have stood aloof from making Private Diseases a speciality, and hence they have been monopolized by quacks. The fear of losing caste in society, or of being classed among charlatans by the profession, has too long stood in the way of this most desirable result. What disgrace is there in treating a class of diseases as a specialty that all physicians treat in general practice? The great Ricord of Paris, and Acton of London, both make a speciality of Private Diseases, and yet their fame is as enviable as it is world wide. In fact it is the only remedy for one of the most heinous and destructive systems of Quackery in Private Diseases as practiced in all the larger cities throughout the country. But to return. I said let quacks and imposters alone. Their advertisements fill the newspapers and are well calculated to deceive the inexperienced, made up as they are of the most extravagant *pretentions*, but without a shadow of *evidence* of the truth of what they say. Advertising of itself is no sin, but *deceptive* advertisements are an abomination; and no advertising physician is entitled to *any confidence whatever* who does not give to the public the most undoubted guarantee both of his honesty and skill.

In offering my services in a speciality which has heretofore been almost exclusively in the hands of imposters, I ask no one to employ me who is not fully convinced that I shall treat him courteously, deal honorably and with the strictest fidelity, and give him the best possible chance for a speedy and permanent cure.

H. N. MATTISON,
No. 28 Union Street, Providence, R. I.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Valuable Farm for Sale.

If not sold soon, will be let, and possession given 25th of March next,

THE FARM on the south end of Prudence Island, containing six hundred and thirty acres of land, with a large two-story brick house, large barn, crib, and two sheep sheds. It has a shore privilege of some three miles around the farm, for seaweed, stone, sand and gravel.

The above farm can be bought at a great bargain, as there are several owners who are anxious to sell. For further particulars enquire of

J. I. BAILEY, Agent,
20 Kay street,
Nov 12—tf Newport, R. I.

FOUR NEW HOUSES, very pleasantly situated in a new and growing part of the city. Prices from two to four thousand dollars.

I cannot afford to keep so many houses to let therefore I will sell at the lowest possible figure.

June 11—tf LEVI JOHNSON.

FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE AND LOT No. 211 Thames street, bounded Easterly on said street about 45 feet and extending Westerly 100 feet.

The house is large and could easily be converted into a Boarding House or Stores, for either of which purposes it is well adapted, being one of the most desirable situations for business on Thames street. For terms apply to

DAVID G. COOK,
Aug 13—tf or HENRY H. COOK.

BY GEORGE C. MASON, CATHARINE STREET

TO LET.

A FIRST CLASS HOUSE and a Cottage on the East side of Kay street, furnished, for the season. The adjoining grounds are finely cultivated and both places are very attractive.

TWO FINE COTTAGES on Harrison Avenue, furnished. These Cottages are very spacious and will accommodate large families. The grounds embrace five or six acres for each house, and the view of the bay, harbor and city is unsurpassed.

TO LET.—A good, comfortable Cottage on Elizabeth street—a good chance for a person wanting a snug place at a moderate rent.

TO RENT—A tenement in Brewery street, pleasantly located, and with ample room for a family of moderate size.

TO RENT.—Furnished houses and cottages to rent for the season of 1860.

FOR SALE.

THE BRICK HOUSE on Mill street and nearly opposite George street, will be sold on liberal terms to any one wanting a first rate winter and summer residence. The location, facing Touro Park, is unsurpassed; the house is new, it having been entirely re-built within two years, (with the exception of the outer walls) which are superior to any modern brick house, of the best materials and in the most workmanlike manner. The rooms are all large and convenient, supplied with closets, dressing-rooms, &c. There is an abundant supply of well and rain water, brought into the house, bath rooms &c., a furnace in the cellar, and everything in fact that could be devised to make it comfortable and convenient.—The owner having decided to reside permanently elsewhere is the only reason for offering it for sale.

AN EXCELLENT FARM on the West Road, West side and just beyond Lawton's Valley, containing about 30 acres of land under good cultivation, a fine orchard and a comfortable house, with barn, &c. For sale low,

FOR SALE.—A dwelling house, corner of Washington and Willow streets. It is fitted for two families and is in excellent repair.

FOR SALE.—Several hundred cords of stone, on the Izard lot, suitable for building purposes, foundations, roads, &c., will be sold low

For Sale.—An excellent farm of about thirty acres, in Portsmouth, on the west side of the west road, and a short distance north of Lawton's Valley. Said farm is in a good state of cultivation, and offers many inducements to one who wishes to farm it in a snug way. The soil is good and produces early, and the orchard a very fine one, has just come into bearing. There are also many excellent cherry trees on the place, from which twenty bushels of cherries have been picked in a season. For further particulars apply to

For Sale.—Good Sods, cut from a lawn.

To Rent.—The Unfurnished Cottage, No. 3 Kay street, containing twelve rooms.

BY ALFRED SMITH, MOUNT VERNON STREET.

FOR SALE.—That picturesque & well-known estate in Portsmouth, called "The Glen," and the two shore farms north of it—making in all about two hundred acres of some of the best land in the State, *with over a mile of shore*. This could easily be made one of the most princely estates in New England. To gentlemen of true and refined tastes, this offers a rare chance of securing at *very small cost*, two of the most desirable places for summer residences in this country. *The grand old trees*, (probably the growth of more than a century) water-falls, &c., on each place, being worth alone far more than the prices asked for the entire property.

FOR SALE.—A lot of land, about 50 acres, situate on Jypson Lane, in the Southerly part of Portsmouth. This land is pleasantly situated for building purposes, and will make a nice fancy farm. There are two streams of water running through it; soil good, with a fine parcel of natural trees and shrubs. Will be sold low for cash.

FOR SALE.—A fine farm, of over one hundred acres of land; good buildings, and in a pleasant situation and neighborhood—about three miles and a half from Newport.

FOR SALE.—Two houses on Mann Avenue; one for $3,000, the other for $6,000.

FOR SALE.—Small farms on the island, from ten to sixty acres each.

FOR SALE.—A very desirable lot on Narragansett Avenue, rather over two acres, improved by plantations of trees and shrubs, being all ready for building.

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE on the Cliffs for sale.—I am authorized to sell one of the most beautiful and desirable situations on the Cliffs, which for scenery and location is unsurpassed.—The house is new and was built by the owner for his own occupancy, and finished throughout in the most beautiful style. A full description of the property can be had of the subscriber. Terms of payment will be made very liberal, and a credit of several years given upon the greater portion of the purchase, if desired.

FOR SALE.—The fine property known as the "Shaw," or "Rhodes Estate," overlooking Touro Park; also the "Henderson lot," at the west end of the Park.

Pickles & Sauces.

20 CASES English Pickles and Sauces in the greatest variety, just received and for sale by

May 21 WILLIAM NEWTON & CO.

VESTINGS—A lot of rich Vestings just received by

Nov 5 LANGLEY & NORMAN.

COTTRELL & BRYER,
DEALERS IN
FURNITURE:
ALSO
Manufacturers and Furnishers
OF
COFFINS,
with the necessary appendages.

All orders promptly attended to.

89 Thames street. Newport, R. I.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GREAT FOUNTAIN OF HEALTH.



VANDERVEER'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS Is a lucious Tonic, Stimulating Invigorant and Health-giving Drink, and is prepared at Schiedam in Holland, under the immediate direction of Old Vanderveer himself. It is distilled from the best barley, flavored with the genuine Juniper berry and impregnated with a variety of herbs of highly medicinal properties by a process of steeping known only to the inventor.

AS A MEDICINE

It is the only Gin in Holland recommended by the faculty there, and the importers have the authority of the leading physicians of Germany and America to recommend it for the CURE and PREVENTION of the following diseases:

Asthma,
Affections of Bladder
" Kidneys,
" Urinary organs,
" Glands,
" Stomach,
" Generative organs
" Joints,
Heartburn,
Dropsy,
Natural Decay

Colic,	Decline,	Eruptions,
Diarrhoea,	Indigestion,	Rheumatism,
Loss of Apetite,	Dyspepsia,	Gout,
Dysentery,	Nervous Headache,	Stricture.
Physical prostration,	Fever and Ague,	
Female Irregularity,	Rupture,	
Salt Rheum,	Hypochondriasis,	

AS A DRINK

It is at the same time pleasant, palatable and stomachic; it counteracts the evil effects of over indulgence and excess and, being free from injurious particles it is not an INTOXICATING Beverage and is, without doubt, the safest as well as the most harmless alchoholic drink in existence; it may safely be taken by the young and old of both sexes.

FOR THE LADIES

It may be termed a guardian of health, being restorative and soothing as well as stimulating and tonic, and invaluable for its regulating properties in all cases of functional derangement, so incidental to their sex.

FOR THE NURSERY

While marvelous in its effects for the relief of pains in the stomach and bowels, it is *more powerful* than any vermifuge for the EXPULSION of worms, in children of all ages.

J. MILLS & CO.
14 Broadway, N. Y., Sole Importers.

Sold by WILLIAM NEWTON & Co. Aug 20.

The Copper Toe!
A NEW ERA IN DOMESTIC ECONOMY!

It is well known that children and youth usually wear out their Boots and Shoes at the toe, in a few weeks—sometimes in a few days. Buy them with

Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tips,

and you will save *two thirds* of the expense of supplying your children with shoes.

This invention enables us to offer the public Boots and Shoes

That Never Wear Out at the Toes.

We have hundreds of testimonials from parents that have bought them, showing that on an average, *one pair of shoes with the tips*, will for children, WEAR AS LONG AS THREE PAIR WITHOUT, and for Misses, Boys and Youths, they will wear at least TWICE as long, while

THE COST IS BUT A TRIFLE MORE.

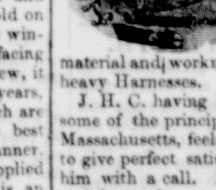
This statement is made with an entire confidence in its strict truth, as it is based on a careful examination of the *Facts*, in an experience of more than two years, which has *Proved* that these Copper Toed Shoes, have, on an average, worn at least three times as long as the old style, and as the cost is but a TRIFLE MORE, the importance of this invention to all having little feet to protect, will at once be seen.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

Chase, McKinney & Co., Owners of Patent.

Boston, Oct. 15—3m.

J. H. Chappell
HARNESS MAKER & TRIMMER.

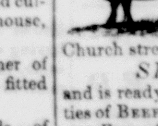


Would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that his store is at No. 18 Farewell, corner Marlborough sts, where he will keep constantly on hand and make to order, of the best material and workmanship, all kinds of light and heavy Harnesses.

J. H. C. having had a practical experience in some of the principal cities in Rhode Island and Massachusetts, feels confident that he will be able to give perfect satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. Repairing done with neatness and despatch.

N. B.—Persons can rely on the promptness of his establishment. March 3, 1855

NEWPORT MARKET.



THE UNDERSIGNED takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public in general, that he is still at the old stand, No. 145 Thames Street, (foot of Church street,) formerly occupied by *SISSON & BATEMAN*, and is ready to supply them with the best qualities of BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, LAMB, VEAL, BUTTER, EGGS, GAME of all kinds in their season, VEGETABLES, and FRUIT and every other article appertaining to a well-regulated Market.

Feb 12 BENJAMIN BATEMAN.

CARPENTERING.

City Steam Planing Mill,
Corner Sherman & Spring streets.
NEWPORT, R. I.

Planing, Grooving and all kinds of Scroll sawing done at short notice.

Also, Window Frames, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Mouldings and Cornices, manufactured and constantly kept on hand and for sale as low as in New York, Boston, or Providence.

☞ Interest charged on all accounts after ninety days. SIMON MOFFIT, Proprietor.

WILLIAM B. HALE,
BUILDER.

All orders left at No. 18, corner of Mount Vernon and Barney street, will meet with prompt attention.

N. B. Doors, Blinds, Frames and Sashes on hand or made to order Sept 22

CLOTHING.

New Goods.

JUST received, a large and fashionable assortment of spring goods, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of the latest styles and patterns. Also, a good assortment of low price cassimeres for boys. Cloths, Tailors' Trimmings, and all other articles kept in a fashionable tailoring establishment.

Particular attention paid to cutting, and garments warranted to fit.

April 5 JOSEPH M. HAMMETT

WILLIAM B. SWAN,
No. 168 THAMES STREET.

NOW OFFERS his Fall and Winter supply of Goods, such as Blue Pilot Cloths, Beaver Cloth of various colors and quality, Silk and Wool mixed Cassimeres, extra Indigo Blue Sattinett, Oxford and Cadet mixed do, Ready made Overcoats for men and boys. Oct 29

A FULL ASSORTMENT of Spring Goods of French, English, and American manufacture, just received by

April 30 LANGLEY & NORMAN.

OVER COATINGS.—A large assortment of Moscow, Pandore and Great Eastern Beaver Cloths, just received by

Nov 5 LANGLEY & NORMAN.

Stoves, Tin Ware &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER has in store a large assortment of Parlor and Cook Stoves, Tin Ware of all kinds, Wooden and Willow Ware. Ranges of most approved pattern set with care, and warranted to work well. Jobbing punctually attended to. Orders solicited.

WILLIAM BROWNELL,
May 12 Opposite R. I. Union Bank

OLD LEAD

BOUGHT in large and small quantities and on the most favorable terms, by

MASON & BRADFORD,
At their Mill, No. 209 Thames street.
June 26

MEDICINE.

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently, vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S
Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as ERUPTIVE and SKIN DISEASES, ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, ROSE, or ERYSIPELAS, PIMPLES, PUSTULES, BLOTCHES, BLAINS and BOILS, TUMORS, TETTER and SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORM, RHEUMATISM, SYPHILITIC and MERCURIAL DISEASES, DROPSY, DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY, and, indeed, ALL COMPLAINTS ARISING FROM VITIATED OR IMPURE BLOOD. The popular belief in "*impurity of the blood*" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC,

are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: *Costiveness, Heartburn, Headache arising from disordered Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice*, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.

For sale by all Druggists.

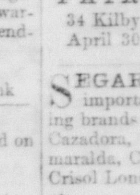
THE OXYGENATED BITTERS!
THE OXYGENATED BITTERS!
THE OXYGENATED BITTERS!

AN UNFAILING REMEDY
FOR
DYSPEPSIA, OR INDIGESTION,
DYSPEPSIA, OR INDIGESTION,
DYSPEPSIA, OR INDIGESTION,
ACIDITY, FLATULENCY, HEARTBURN,
ACIDITY, FLATULENCY, HEARTBURN,
ACIDITY, FLATULENCY, HEARTBURN,
DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM,
DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM,
DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM,
Water Brash, Oppression after Eating,
Water Brash, Oppression after Eating,
Water Brash, Oppression after Eating,
JAUNDICE,
JAUNDICE,
JAUNDICE,
Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite,
Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite,
Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
FEVER AND AGUE,
FEVER AND AGUE,
FEVER AND AGUE,
NEURALGIA,
NEURALGIA,
NEURALGIA,
BILIOUS COMPLAINTS,
BILIOUS COMPLAINTS,
BILIOUS COMPLAINTS,
&c. &c. &c. &c.
&c. &c. &c. &c.
&c. &c. &c. &c.
AND
all Diseases having their Origin in
IMPERFECT DIGESTION.
IMPERFECT DIGESTION.
IMPERFECT DIGESTION.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS
THE OXYGENATED BITTERS
THE OXYGENATED BITTERS
ARE PREPARED BY
S. W. FOWLE & Co.,
18 Tremont Street, Boston,
And are Sold
by their Agents, and by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, both in City and Country,
EVERYWHERE.
EVERYWHERE.
EVERYWHERE.

For sale by HAZARD & CASWELL, and R. J. TAYLOR, Newport, J. BALCH & SON, Providence and by Dealers everywhere. April 9

FAIRBANK'S
CELEBRATED
RAILROAD, HAY, COAL, & STORE



SCALES,
OF EVERY VARIETY.

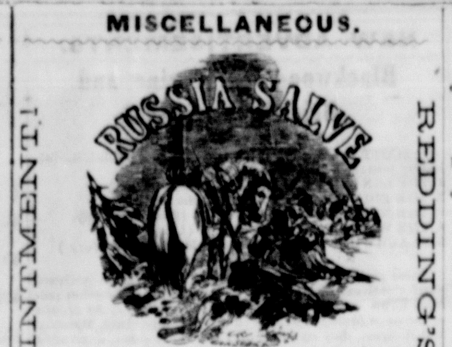
FAIRBANKS & BROWN,
34 Kilby Street, Boston.
April 30.—1y

SEGARS! SEGARS!! *Segars!!!* of lat importations from Havana, and of the following brands: Cabanas, London do., Prinsados do., Cazadora, Cabarga, London do., Prinsados, Esmaralda, Concha do., Prinsados do., London, El Crisol London, of the best quality, may be found at R. H. STANTON'S,

July 17 162 Thames street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE VEGETABLE OINTMENT!



THE
RUSSIA SALVE
VEGETABLE OINTMENT

Has been used and sold in Boston for the last Thirty Years, and its virtues have stood the test of time.

RUSSIA SALVE CURES BURNS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES CANCERS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SORE EYES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES ITCH.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES FELONS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SCALD HEAD.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES NETTLE RASH.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES CUTS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES CORNS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SCALDS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SALT RHEUM.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SORES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES FLEA BITES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES WHITLOWS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES ULCERS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES WARTS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SORE NIPPLES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES STIES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES FESTERS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES RINGWORM.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SCURVY.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES BUNIONS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SORE LIPS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES INGROWING NAILS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SPIDER STINGS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SHINGLES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES ERUPTIONS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES MOSQUITO BITES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES CHILBLAINS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES FROZEN LIMBS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES WENS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SORE EARS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES BOILS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES FLESH WOUNDS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES PILES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES BRUISES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES CHAPPED HANDS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SPRAINS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SWELLED NOSE.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES ERYSIPELAS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES LAME WRIST.

Bites of Venomous Reptiles are instantly cured by this

EXCELLENT OINTMENT.

EVERY MOTHER WITH CHILDREN, and all Heads of Families,

Should keep a Box in the cupboard, or on the shelf, handy to use in

CASE OF ACCIDENT.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

Put up in large size metal boxes, with an engraved wrapper, similar to the above engraving, without which none are genuine.

Sold in the United States and Canada by all venders of Patent Medicines, Druggists, at most of the country stores, and by

Redding & Co., Proprietors,
No. 8 State Street, Boston.

BARNES & PARK, Wholesale Agt's,
NEW YORK.

Oct 5—1y

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE VEGETABLE OINTMENT!

A NEW DISCOVERY.

A Delicious Beverage,
TO CURE

Bad Spirits, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart Burn, Cholic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pain in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Melancholy, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

WEAK AND SICKLY CONSTITUTIONS ARE SUDDENLY RESTORED TO HEALTH AND VIGOR.

DR. DARIUS HAM'S
AROMATIC
INVIGORATING SPIRIT.

It stimulates, exhilirates, invigorates, but will not intoxicate or stupify. As a medicine it is quick and effectual; curing the worst and most aggravated cases of dyspepsia, kidney complaints and all other derangements of the stomach and bowels, in from four or five minutes to twenty-four hours.

It will instantly revive the most melancholly and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, feeble, nervous and sickly, to health, strength and vigor.

As a delicious beverage it is refreshing, exhilirating; it will neither intoxicate nor stupify.

THE INTEMPERATE AND INEBRIATE

Will find instant relief from the horrible feelings produced by the use of intoxicating liquors.

NERVOUSNESS.

Persons who from the injudicious use of liquors, have been dejected and their nervous system shattered, constitutions broken down and subject to that horrible curse to humanity,

THE DELIRIUM TREMENS

Will in ten minutes feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating spirit.

Dr. Ham's Aromatic Invigorating Spirit
WHAT IT WILL DO?

Dose—One wine glass full as often as necessary. It is good at all times.

One dose will in ten minutes remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will in five minutes cure Heartburn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the disagreeable and distressing effects of Wind or Flatulence, and the moment the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Cholic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions to Kidney, Bladder, or urinary organs.

Persons who are seriously afflicted with any kidney complaints are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who from dissipating too much over night, and feel the evil effects of the poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions should take the Invigorating Spirit three times per day,—it will make you strong, healthy and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities from the menstrual organs, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the sickly, shrivelled wasted and careworn face.

Price, $1 Per Bottle.

Principal Depot, No. 48 Water street, New York.

J. BALCH & SON, Providence,
Wholesale Agents.

For sale in Newport, by Hazard & Caswell, Caswell & Allan, R. J. Taylor and H. H. Young, and by dealers generally.

Oct 5—1y

WOOD & COAL.

LYKEN'S VALLEY
COAL,

GEO. BOWEN & CO.

May 7, 1859.

COAL.—The subscribers offer to their customers and the public generally, a larger variety of coals than has ever before been on sale in this city. Having purchased the best coals which the market affords, they feel confident of their ability to supply every peculiar case, whether the Graft be very strong or weak.

Should any article purchased at our wharf not prove as it was recommended, the coal may be returned at our expense and the money will be refunded.

Sept 17 OMAN & BRADFORD.

COAL FOR GRATES.—Best English Cannel,
" Liverpool Orrel,
" Cumberland,

For sale by
Sept 17 OMAN & BRADFORD.

LORBERRY COAL.

THE BEST CARGO I ever landed is now discharging from schr W. B. Furgurson.—It is pronounced by all who have used it, to be the best and most economical coal ever offered in this market. Selling at the price of common Red Ash. Please examine before purchasing.

CHAS. WILLIAMS,
Oct8 William's Wharf, foot of Denison st.

WOOD

AN unusually fine lot of Walnut, Maple and Oak wood and in excellent condition, recently landed and for sale at reasonable prices by

CHAS. WILLIAMS,
April 23 Williams' wharf.

KINDLING WOOD.
PRICES REDUCED.

THE SUBSCRIBER will deliver to his customers within the compact part of the city, MACHINE PREPARED KINDLINGS, upon the following terms,

One box,	35 cts.
Three Boxes,	$1,00
Ten Boxes,	$3,00
Eighteen Boxes,	$5,00

WM. J. SWINBURNE,
Steam Kindling Factory, foot of Mary st.

COAL AND WOOD.

A FULL SUPPLY of ALL THE BEST VARIETIES of Anthracite and Semi-Bituminous Coals. Also Wood of all kinds prepared in any manner desired.

WM. J. SWINBURNE,
July 30 Wharf opposite foot of Mary St.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

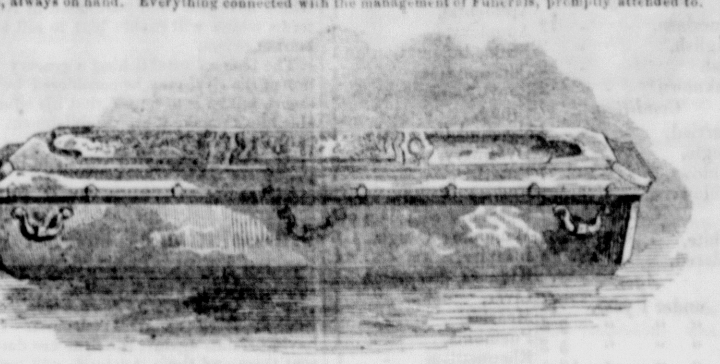
FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

THE SUBSCRIBERS have just received a general assortment of Parlor, Library, Dining Room, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture, together with the celebrated

NEWPORT SQUARE CHAIR.

Also, a complete assortment of Common and Low Priced Furniture, Hair, Husk, and Straw Mattresses, Feathers Looking Glasses

N. B. Coffins of Rosewood, Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine, with Robes, Handles and Plates of every description, always on hand. Everything connected with the management of Funerals, promptly attended to.



AGENTS FOR

CRANE'S PATENT METALLIC BURIAL CASKET

finished in imitation of polished Rosewood. These Caskets being made air tight, contagion is prevented, and the process of decomposition arrested for a long time. This is of great advantage when it is desirable to preserve the remains of a deceased friend for a considerable time, or transport the same to a distant place for sepulchre, or, when it is necessary to entomb for a few months before the final burial.

LANGLEY & BENNETT,
April 30. 10 Franklin Street.

GROCERIES.

JOHN D. DENNIS,
AT THE OLD STAND,
NO. 22 BROAD STREET.
ESTABLISHED A. D. 1819.

HAS just received and offers for sale on the most reasonable terms, a large and well selected stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c., &c.

Oolong Teas	Molasses
Eng Breakfast do	Old java coffee
Young Hyson do	Ceylon do
Hyson do	Maracaibo do
Gunpowder do	St Domingo do
Flour in barrels	Roasted do
Flour in half barrels	Ground do
Flour in bags	Groudd cinnamon
Brown Havana sugars	Ground cloves
Stuart's crushed do	Ground ginger
Stuart's refined do	Ground rice
Stuart's ground do	Whaeten grits
Baker's cocoa	Maccaroni
French chocolate	Vermicelli
Hecker's Farina	Extract lemon
Corn starch	Extract rose
Dietetic saleratus	Extract peach
Sup carb soda	Rose water
Cream Tartar	Castlle soap
Olive oil	Old palm do
Capres	Ward's do
Table salt	Excelsior do
Dairy salt	Fancy do
Mustard	Pickles
Pepper	Catsups
Cassia	Pepper sauce
Mace	Sperm candles
Nutmegs	Adamantine do
Hominy	Tallow do
Preserved ginger	Washing powder
Lard	Chewing tobacco
Hams	Smoking do
Pork	Maccaboy snuff
Rice	Scotch do
Sweet corn	Dried apples
White beans	Cheese
Hemp seed	Butter
Canary seed	Crackers
Pimento	Pilot bread
Raisins	Vinegar
Currants	Clocks
Citron	Wrapping paper
Tapioca	Letter do
Starch	Bill do
Indigo	Envelopes
Meal	Knives
Shoe brushes	Cattle cards
Dust do	Curry combs
Paint do	Bow pins
Whitewash do	Ox bows
Stove do	Yokes
Horse do	C S shovels
Scrub do	Iron do
Clothes do	Steele and Iron do
Hair do	Manure forks
Tooth do	Hay do
Combs	Hoes
Bath brick	Rakes
Brick dust	Plows
Matches	Plowcastings
Wash boards	Hay cutters
Clothes lines	Corn shellers
Clothes pins	Seed planters
Painted tubs	Coal sieves
Painted pails	Hoe handles
Cedar tubs	Butter boxes
Cedar pails	Whips
Wood dippers	Lashes
Cocoa do	Spades
Baskets	Scythes
Barrel covers	Scythe snaths
Measures	Mats
Shovel handles	Garden seeds
Glass ware	Nails
Stone do	Boots
Earthern do	Shoes
Crockery do	Rubbers

and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. Goods warranted and delivered free in any part of the city.

WM. CORNELL.
17 & 19 Broad st. and 1 Spring st.
(At the Junction of Broad and Spring streets nearly opposite his former location,)

Invites the attention of the public to the following large and well selected stock of

NEW GOODS,

which with many other things are offered at the very lowest prices, and delivered free of charge in any part of the city.

TEAS.
New crop Oolong, New crop English Bk'fst
" Gun Powder, " " Imperial,
" Young Hyson, various grades from the highest to lowest

COFFEES.
Old Government Java, Maracaibo,
Rio, Parched,
Ground of a very superior quality and Dandelion coffee.

SUGARS AND MOLASSES.
Stewart's crushed, Refined A B & C do,
Fine powdered, Granulated,
and Havana Sugars,
Muscavado and New Orleans Molasses.

PROVISIONS.
Pork, Hams, Lard, Dried Beef,
Fish, Cheese, Fresh Butter, Eggs.

FLOUR &C.
Double extra Genesee, in bbls, half bbls and bags,
Northern Meal, Rye and Feed Meal, Corn and Oats.

OILS.
Lard, Whale, Olive, Castor oils.

FRUIT &C.
Oranges, Lemons, Figs,
Raisins, Citron, Currants,
Prunes, Preserved ginger, Pickles,
Catsups Pepper Sauce, Capers.

SPICES.
Nutmegs, Mace, Ginger,
Pimento, Cloves, Cassia,
Pepper, Mustard, Caraway seeds,
Gr'd Spice, warranted, Cayenne, Shakers Herbs and flavoring Extracts

SOAPS.
Wards No. 1, do Pale,
No 1 extra Excelsior, German Lustral,
Old Palm. Castile and Fancy Soaps.

TOBACCO.
Lorilards, Macoboy and Scotch Snuff,
do smoking and fine cut chewing Tobacco, Cigars of various brands.

CRACKERS.
Butter, Oyster, Soda, Cream, Wine and fancy Crackers Pilot Bread.

SUNDRIES.
French Chocolate Baker's Cocoa Hominy
Samp, Hecker's Farina Corn Starch
Laundry Starch, Tapioca Wheaten Grits
Maccaroni, Vermacelli Ground rice
Pyle's saleratus, Babbitt's do Sup carbonate soda
Sal soda, Cream Tartar Hemp seed
Caraway seed, Table salt, Dairy salt,
Indigo, Bath brick Wrapping,
Letter, Bill, Cap,
And note paper. Envelopes, Matches,

BRUSHES.
Floor Whitewash, Scrub,
Clothes, Shoe, Hair,
Tooth, House and Dust Brushes.

WOODEN WARE.
Brooms, Tubs, Pails,
Dippers, Baskets, Covers,
Faucets, Sieves, Wash boards,
Cloth Pins, Cloth Lines, Bed Cords,
Mats, Mops, Trays.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
Corn Shellers, Hay Cutters, Manure Forks,
Shovels, Hoes, Plows,
Cultivators, Rakes, Scythes,
Hay Forks, Rifles, Yokes,
Cards, Curry Combs, Boxes.
Whips, &c.

SHOES.
Mens Boys, Women's,
Misses' and Children's Shoes and Boots.

DRY GOODS.
Brown and Bleached Sheetings, and Shirtings,
Denin's, Prints, Ginghams, Delaines,
Challis, Cambricks, Jeans, Nankins,
Brilliants, Ticks, Crash, Cassimere,
Ribbons, Hadkf's, Edgings, Table Linen,
Thread, Silk, and YANKEE NOTIONS.
CROCKERY,
GLASS WARE,
EARTHERN WARE,
PAPER HANGINGS.

Having nearly disposed of his large stock of paper hangings will sell the remainder at reduced prices

GROCERIES.

S. T. HUBBARD,
Corner of Washington Square and Thames street has just replenished his stock of

GROCERIES,

which he intends to keep fully supplied, and invites the public patronage, guaranteeing a full compensation for their money. His stock comprises the following well selected assortment.

TEA
of all the different kinds.

COFFEE.
Old Government and Java. Also fresh ground and parched Coffee.

SUGAR.
Porto Rico, Cuba, Muscovado, New Orleans, Loaf, Crushed and powdered.

MOLASSES
New Orleans, Cuba, Porto Rico, and Sugar house Syrup.

SPICES.
Nutmegs, Pimento, Pepper, Mace, Cassia, Cloves, raw and ground Ginger, and Cinnamon.

FLOUR.
Genesee, Ohio and New York State, in barrels, half barrels and bags, of all the different brands.

MEAL
R. I. Corn Meal, the best for family use. Also Western and New York State Meal, suitable for feed.

CRACKERS.
Soda, Wine, Milk, Medford, Pic Nic, Butter, Boston, Sugar and water Crackers; also Pilot Bread.

SEGARS.
Havana Segars of the different brands, Principe, with a large assortment of German Segars.

APPLES
R. I. Greenings, Gillyflowers, Talman Sweets, Pippin and Russets.

RAISINS.
Layer, Bunch, and Seedless Raisins. Also, Zante and Trieste Currants, Smyrna Figs, Prunes and Plums.

NUTS.
Bitter and Sweet Almonds, shelled and soft shelled, Brazil nuts, Filberts, Walnuts, Pecannuts and Peanuts.

VEGETABLES.
Potatoes, Pumpkins, Turnips, Onions, Cabbage, Beets, Parsnips and Carrots.

Also, Ward's, Kendall's Mason's, and Castile Soap; Starch, Adamantine, Sperm and Tallow Candles; Indigo, Pipes, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco; Snuff, Olive Oil, Vermacelli, Sardines, Oranges, Lemons, Sweet Corn, Beans, Sal Soda, Cocoa, Chocolate, Codfish, Mackrel, Herring, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Hams, Rice, Saleratus, Salt, Mustard, Corn Starch, Stone Jars, Yankee Shaving Soap, Blacking, Ink, Cooking Extracts, Castor Oil, Pins, Pencils, Writing Paper, Yeast Powders and Cakes, Catsup, Pepper Sauce, Pickles, Perry Davis' Pain Killer, Matches, Fire Kindling, and other articles too numerous to mention.

I have also recently prepared Sweet Marjorum, Sage and Summer Savory, which I will warrant a genuine article.

Having received the appointment as Agent for the sale of Spirituous liquors for Medicinal and Mechanical purposes, I am now prepared to supply my customers with Brandies, Wines and other Liquors, by the measure only.

—ALSO—

JUST RECEIVED another lot of nice
HAMS,
SMOKED BEEF,
CURED TONGUES,
No. 1 MACKEREL,
R. I. SALT PORK,
For sale cheap for Cash, by
S. T. HUBBARD,
July 17 cor. Washington Sq. & Thames St

NEW AGRICULTURAL SETTLEMENT.
TO ALL WANTING FARMS.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY IN A DELIGHTFUL AND HEALTHY CLIMATE, 25 MILES SOUTHEAST OF PHILADELPHIA, ON THE CAMDEN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD, NEW JERSEY.

An old estate consisting of several thousand of acres of *productive* soil has been divided into Farms of various sizes to *suit* the purchaser. A population of some *Fifteen Hundred*, from various parts of the Middle States and New England have settled there the past year, improved their places and raised *excellent crops*. The price of the land is at the low sum of from 15 to 20$ per acre, the soil is of the best quality, for the production of *wheat, clover, corn, peaches, grapes and vegetables*. IT IS CONSIDERED THE BEST FRUIT SOIL IN THE UNION. The place is perfectly secure from frosts—the destructive enemy of the farmer.—Crops of grain, grass and fruit are now growing and can be seen. By examing the place itself, a correct judgement can be formed of the productiveness of the land. The terms are made easy to secure the rapid improvement of the land, which is only sold for actual improvement. The result has been, that within the past year some *three hundred houses* have been erected, two mills, one steam, four stores, some forty vineyards and peach orchards, planted, and a large number of other improvements, making it a desirable and active place of business.

THE MARKET,

as the reader may perceive from its location, is the BEST IN THE UNION.

Produce bringing double the price than in locations away from the city, and more than double the price than the West. It is known that the earliest and best fruits and vegetables, in this latitude come from New Jersey, and are annually exported to the extent of millions.

In locating here, the settler has many advantages. He is within a few hours ride of the great cities of New England and Middle States, he is near his old friends and associations, he is in a *settled country where every improvement of comfort and civilization is at hand*. He can buy every article that he wants at the cheapest price, and sell his produce for the highest,—in the West this is reversed—he has schools for his children, divine service, and will enjoy an open winter, and delightful climate, where fevers are entirely unknown. The result of the change upon those from the north, has generally been to restore them to an excellent state of health.

In the way of building and improving, lumber can be obtained at the mills at the rate of ten to fifteen dollars per thousand. Bricks from the brick yard opened in the place, every article can be procured in the place, good carpenters are at hand and there is no place in the Union where buildings and improvements can be made cheaper.

The reader will at once be struck with the advantages here presented and ask himself why the property has not been taken up before. The reason is, it was never thrown into the market; and unless these statements were correct, no one would be invited to examine the land before purchasing. This all are expected to do. They will see land under cultivation, such is the extent of the settlement that they will no doubt meet persons from their own neighborhood; they will witness the improvements and can judge the character of the population. If they come with a view to settle, they should come prepared to stay a day or two and be ready to purchase, as locations cannot be held on refusal.

There are two daily trains to Philadelphia and to all settlers who improve, the RAILROAD COMPANY GIVES A FREE TICKET FOR SIX MONTHS, AND A HALF-PRICE TICKET FOR THREE YEARS.

THE TOWN OF HAMMONTON.

In connection with the agricultural settlement, a new and thriving town has naturally arisen, which present inducements *for any kind of business, particularly stores and manufactories*. The shoe business could be carried on in this place and market to good advantage, also cotton business, and manufactories of agricultural implements or founderies for casting small articles. The improvement has been so rapid as to insure a constant and permanent increase of business. Town lots of a good size, we do not sell small ones, as it would effect the improvement of the place, can be had at from one hundred dollars and upwards.

The Hammonton *Farmer*, a monthly literary and agricultural sheet, containing full information of Hammonton, can be obtained at 25 cents per annum.

Titles indisputable—warrantee deeds given clear of all incumbrance when money is paid. Route to the land: leave Vine street wharf, Philadelphia for Hammonton by Railroad, at 7 1-2 a. m., or 4 1-2 p. m. Fare 90 cents. When there enquire for Mr. Byrnes. Boarding conveniences on hand. Parties had better stop with Mr. Byrnes, a principal, until they have decided as to purchasing, as he will show them over the land in his carriage, free of expense. Letters and applications can be addressed to Landis and Byrnes, Hammonton P. O., Atlantic Co., New Jersey, or S. B. Coughlin, 202 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia. Maps and information cheerfully furnished. July 9—6m

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed by the City authorities to fill the place of City Crier made vacant by the death of the former incumbent, offers his services to the public as Crier, Bill Poster, Collector, &c., promising punctuality and faithfulness in the discharge of all business with which he may be favored. Orders left at the Auction Room of Francis Stanhope, Broad street, and at the store of John J. Stacy, Thames street, will be promptly attended to.

Feb 21 S. CLARKE SANFORD.

50,000 SEGARS of various styles and brands, just received and for sale low, at 115 Thames street.

July 9 S. A. PARKER.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILLIAM H. SHERMAN
CORNER WASHINGTON SQUARE & THAMES
—DEALER IN—
Meats, Poultry and Vegetables
where can always be found the very best, at the very lowest market prices.

ALBERT SHERMAN,
—DEALER IN—
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY,
No. 29
SOUTH THAMES STREET.



T. J. WEAVER
FASHIONABLE
HATTER,
and dealer in
Hats, Caps and Straw Goods
One door North of
Merchants Bank,
NEWPORT.

NATHAN M. CHAFEE,
PLUMBER, BRASS FOUNDER AND COPPER SMITH,
COMMERCIAL WHARF, NEWPORT, R. I.

BENJAMIN FREEBORN,
SAIL MAKER,
No. 12 Commercial Wharf, - - - Newport.

Every kind of work in this business will be done with promptness and at reasonable prices.

Sept 11—1y

J. H. COZZENS,
152 THAMES STREET
DEALER IN
CLOTHING
HATS, CAPS, FURNISHING GOODS, OIL SUITS, TRUNKS, VALICES, CARPET BAGS, &c.



W. A. WEEDEN,
DEALER IN
BOOTS & SHOES
No. 198½ Thames st.
NEWPORT,
Near Kinsley's
EXPRESS OFFICE.

T. MUMFORD SEABURY,
DEALER IN
Boots and Shoes of all Kinds,
NO. 140 THAMES STREET,
☞ Boots and Shoes made and repaired. ☜

ISAAC S. BOSS,
BREAD, CAKE & CRACKER BAKERY,
205 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT.

LANGLEY & NORMAN,
DRAPERS & TAILORS,
104 & 106 THAMES STREET,

Where can be found a complete assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Furnishing Goods, consisting of Shirts, Drawers, Collars, Cravats, Scarfs, Ties, Gloves, &c., &c.

HOGAN & GLADDING,
SAIL MAKERS
Perry Mill Wharf,
NEWPORT, R. I.

Sails of all kinds, Wagon Covers, Sackings, Awnings, Hammocks, Bags, &c., made in the best manner and on reasonable terms.

Aug 28—tf.

JAMES H. HAMMETT,
AUCTION & COMMISSION BUSINESS
NO. 98 THAMES STREET.

EDWARD C. HAYES,
BOOT and SHOE MAKER,
No. 7 WASHINGTON SQUARE,
NEAR THE FOUNTAIN, NEWPORT, R. I.
☞ Repairing promptly and neatly executed.

INSURANCE.

MARINE & FIRE INSURANCE

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Insure, Marine and Fire Risks on the most favorable terms.

The Capitol of said Company is $150,000, all paid in and invested in Bank Stock in the City of Providence.

DIRECTORS.

R. R. Stafford, Amos D. Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins, George S. Rathbone, Caleb Harris, Walker Humphrey, T. P. I. Goddard, Tully D. Bowen, Allen O. Peck Samuel B. Tobey, James T. Rhodes, John H. Ormsbee. ALLEN O. PECK, *President.*
WALKER HUMPHREY, *Secretary.*

Persons wanting insurance or information concerning said Company, will please apply to GEORGE BOWEN, Esq., Newport.

THE FARMERS'
Mutual Fire Insurance COMPANY,
AT EAST GREENWICH, R. I.,

CONTINUES to insure against loss or damage by fire or lightning, in two separate classes.

This Company, which confines its business almost wholly to the State of Rhode Island, has been in operation since 1851, has never made an assessment, and has, after paying losses and expenses, a large surplus in the treasury.

BENJAMIN B. THURSTON, President,
NICHOLAS S. FRY, Vice President.
WILLIAM BODFISH, Treasurer.
THOMAS A. REYNOLDS, Secretary.
SETH W. MACY, *Agent for Newport.*
East Greenwich, Oct 16, 1858—1y

JOSEPH M. LYON
PLUMBER, BRASS FOUNDER & COPPER SMITH
No. 236 THAMES STREET,
NEWPORT, R. I.

HAS constantly on hand a variety of Force and Lift Pumps, of his own manufacture, which he warrants equal, if not superior to any before offered in this market.

Also, Water Closets, Wash Bowls, Croton and Cochituate Faucets, and every description of Plumbing materials of various qualities and prices, as cheap as can be bought elsewhere.

Also, Pure block Tin Pipe, warranted not to injure the water in any way and fitted in the best style to Pumps and all other purposes.

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead of various sizes on hand, also, all kinds of Brass and Composition Castings made to order. Ship Castings of all kinds on hand and made to order at short notice.

All orders attended to with neatness and despatch and all work *Warranted.* March 8.

French Lunar Drops.

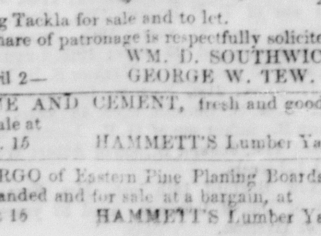
The only certain and safe remedy for females in all cases of Supression or Irregularities, no matter from what cause; in all recent cases they are warranted to give relief. The Drops are the result of an extensive practice, and not discovered by accident. To eulogise their virtues would not add to their merit; we would only say try them. They are invariably certain to regulate the female system, and can be taken without hazard. For consultation on all diseases incident to females, apply personally or by letter, to

Mrs. S. M. MUMFORD,
No. 47 Spring Street, Newport, R. I.
or to 281 Westminster street, Providence.
Jan 22

BRIDGE MARKET
51 Long Wharf,

Formerly kept by PARDON W. STEVENS, will be continued by the subscribers.

Live and Lobster be always found at this establishment, fresh from the water.



Fish, Lobsters, ... Also,

Fishing Tackla for sale and to let.

A share of patronage is respectfully solicited.

WM. D. SOUTHWICK,
April 2— GEORGE W. TEW.

LIME AND CEMENT, fresh and good, for sale at

Oct. 15 HAMMETT'S Lumber Yard.

CARGO of Eastern Pine Planing Boards just landed and for sale at a bargain, at

Oct 15 HAMMETT'S Lumber Yard.